

PCTWORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification⁶ : C07D 401/06, 401/14, 409/14, 407/14, 413/14, 403/06, A61K 31/44, 31/47	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/50263 (43) International Publication Date: 7 October 1999 (07.10.99)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/26709 (22) International Filing Date: 15 December 1998 (15.12.98) (30) Priority Data: 60/080,090 31 March 1998 (31.03.98) US (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): WARNER-LAMBERT COMPANY [US/US]; 201 Tabor Road, Morris Plains, NJ 07950 (US). (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): DUDLEY, Danette, An- drea [US/US]; 290 Village Green Boulevard #201, Ann Ar- bor, MI 48105 (US). EDMUNDS, Jeremy, John [GB/US]; 3957 Beech Drive, Ypsilanti, MI 48197 (US). (74) Agents: RYAN, M., Andrea; Warner-Lambert Company, 201 Tabor Road, Morris Plains, NJ 07950 (US) et al.		(81) Designated States: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: QUINOLONES AS SERINE PROTEASE INHIBITORS (57) Abstract This invention discloses quinolinones which display inhibitory effects on serine proteases such as factor Xa, thrombin and/or factor VIIa. The invention also discloses pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs of the compounds, pharmaceutically acceptable compositions comprising the compounds, their salts or prodrugs, and methods of using them as therapeutic agents for treating or preventing disease states in mammals characterized by abnormal thrombosis.		

-1-

QUINOLONES AS SERINE PROTEASE INHIBITORS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect, this invention discloses quinolinones which display inhibitory effects on serine proteases such as factor Xa, thrombin, and/or factor VIIa. The invention also discloses pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs of the compounds, pharmaceutically acceptable compositions comprising the compounds, their salts or prodrugs, and methods of using them as therapeutic agents for treating or preventing disease states in mammals characterized by abnormal thrombosis.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In economically developed countries, cardiovascular disease still represents a major cause of mortality. In particular, abnormal coagulation and inappropriate thrombus formation within blood vessels precipitates many acute cardiovascular disease states. While it has long been recognized that a variety of plasma proteins such as fibrinogen, serine proteases, and cellular receptors are involved in hemostasis, it is the abnormal regulation that has emerged as important contributing factors to cardiovascular disease. Thrombin can be considered the key or principal regulatory enzyme in the coagulation cascade; it serves a pluralistic role as both a positive and negative feedback regulator in normal hemostasis. However, in some pathologic conditions, the former is amplified through catalytic activation of cofactors required for thrombin generation such as factor Xa. Factor Xa, as part of the prothrombinase complex composed of non-enzymatic cofactor Va, calcium ions and a phospholipid membrane surface regulates the generation of thrombin from its zymogen prothrombin. Furthermore, the location of the prothrombinase complex at the convergence of both the intrinsic and extrinsic coagulation pathways suggests that inhibition of factor Xa, and hence thrombin generation, may be a viable approach to limiting the procoagulant activity of thrombin.

-2-

Indeed, ample evidence exists for the role of factor Xa inhibitors as anticoagulants. Antistasin, a potent inhibitor of blood coagulation factor Xa, from the Mexican leech: *Haementeria officinalis*, displays antithrombotic activity in various models of arterial and venous thrombosis (Lapatto et al., *Embo J.*, 1997:5151-61). Other protein or polypeptide factor Xa inhibitors include recombinant tick anticoagulant peptide (rTAP), which is known to accelerate the recombinant tissue plasminogen activator mediated clot lysis and prevent acute reocclusion in the dog, hence indicating factor Xa inhibitors may be useful as an adjunct to thrombolytic therapy (Mellott et al., *Fibrinolysis*, 1993:195-202). Furthermore, in a canine coronary artery, electrolytic lesion model rTAP was demonstrated to reduce thrombus mass and time to occlusion in the absence of dramatic hemodynamic or hemostatic changes indicating the primary role for factor Xa in the process of arterial thrombosis (Lynch et al., *Thromb. Haemostasis*, 1995:640-645, Schaffer et al., *Circulation*, 1991:1741-1748). On the venous side, rTAP was also demonstrated to reduce fibrin deposition in a rabbit model of venous thrombosis while having little affect on systemic hemostatic parameters (Fioravanti et al., *Thromb. Res.*, 1993:317-324). In addition to these relatively high molecular weight proteins that are not suitable as oral antithrombotic agents, there also exist examples of low molecular weight factor Xa inhibitors. In particular DX9065a, a low molecular weight synthetic factor Xa inhibitor, has also shown antithrombotic potential in various experimental thrombosis, rat models. In both arteriovenous shunt and venous stasis models inhibition of thrombus formation was achieved at doses that had little effect on APTT indicating that DX9065a is effective in preventing thrombosis and hence has therapeutic antithrombotic potential (Wong et al., *Thromb. Res.*, 1996:117-126).

The majority of factor Xa inhibitors known to date have been previously summarized in two reviews (Edmunds et al., *Annual Reports in Medicinal Chemistry*, 1996:51, Kunitada and Nagahara Curr, *Pharm. Des.*, 1996:531-542). However, it is readily apparent that there still exists a need for more effective agents that regulate factor Xa proteolytic activity.

Some quinolinones have been reported, and these compounds have displayed marked pharmacological activity:

-3-

Van den Bogaert, *Res. Discl.*, 1992;340:607-608; Qar et al., Lazdunski, Michel, *Mol. Pharmacol.*, 1988;33(4):363-369; Japanese Patent 56125388; Japanese Patent 56049359; Great Britain Patent 1305278; German Patent 2007468; Petyunin P.A., *Ukr. Khim. Zh.* 1971;37(1):44-46; United States
5 Patent 3330823; European Patent 797376; Timari et al, Hajos, Gyorgy, *Synlett* (1997); Issue 9:1067-1068; World Publication 9707116; Lopez-Alvarado Pilar, *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1*, 1997;Issue 3:229-233; European Patent 334135; and European Patent 24638.

None of the above articles set forth above disclose or suggest compounds
10 of Formula I that are inhibitors of serine proteases involved in the blood coagulation cascade.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

One object of the present invention is to provide serine protease inhibitors that display inhibitory activity towards enzymes involved in the coagulation
15 cascade and principally the target enzymes, factor Xa, thrombin, and factor VIIa.

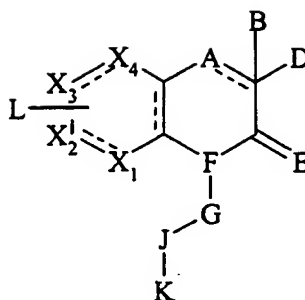
A further object of the present invention is to provide serine protease inhibitors that display inhibitory activity towards the target enzyme factor Xa and are provided for in a pharmacologically acceptable state.

Still, a further object of the present invention is to provide for the use of
20 these factor Xa inhibitors and formulations thereof as anticoagulant and factor Xa inhibitory agents.

Yet, a further object of the present invention is to provide for the use of these factor Xa inhibitors and formulations thereof for therapeutic treatment of various thrombotic maladies.

25 A further object of the present invention is a process for the synthesis of these low molecular weight thrombin inhibitors. The enzyme inhibitors of the present invention are encompassed by the structure of general Formula I set forth below.

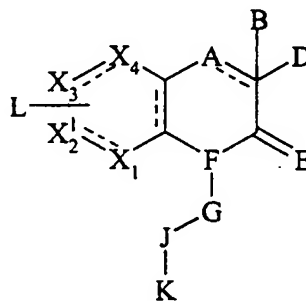
-4-



I

The present invention meets these objectives and provides for novel compounds that display antithrombotic activity. More specifically, the present invention provides for novel compounds that display antithrombotic activity via the inhibition of factor Xa as reflected in Formula I, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug forms thereof. The present invention also provides pharmaceutically acceptable compositions comprising the novel compounds or their salts or prodrug forms and methods of using them as therapeutic agents for treating or preventing disease states in mammals characterized by abnormal thrombosis.

Thus, in a first embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of Formula I:



I

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof, wherein:

A is selected from CH₂, CH, C(alkyl);

B is selected from H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heteroalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycloalkyl, each optionally substituted with R₁ and R₂;

-5-

- D is selected from H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heteroalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycloalkyl, each optionally substituted with R_1 and R_2 ;
- E is absent or selected from O, S, NH;
- 5 F is selected from N, NCH_2 , CH_2N ;
- G is absent or selected from alkyl, alkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms;
- J is absent or selected from aryl or heterocycle each optionally substituted with R_1 and R_2 ;
- 10 K is absent or selected from an alkyl, alkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, cycloalkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, cycloalkylalkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, each optionally substituted with R_1 and R_2 ;
- 15 L is selected from H, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, OH, O(alkyl), amine, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, amide, NO_2 , SH, $S(O)_n(alkyl)$, SO_3H , SO_3alkyl , aldehyde, ketone, acid, ester, urea, Oalkylamide, Oalkylester, Oalkylacid, Nalkylacid, alkylamine, alkylamide, alkylketone, alkylacid, alkylester, alkylurea, Nalkylamide, Nalkylester, $NC(=O)alkyl$, $NC(=O)aryl$, nitrile, $NC(=O)cycloalkyl$, $NC(=O)cycloalkylalkyl$, $NC(=O)alkylaryl$, R_1 , R_2 ;
- 20 R_1 is selected from H, amine, alkylamine, amide, $C(=NH)NHNH_2$, $alkylC(=NH)NHNH_2$, $C(=NH)NHOH$, $alkylC(=NH)NHOH$, $NHC(=NH)NH_2$, $alkylNHC(=NH)NH_2$, $C(=S)NH_2$, $alkylC(=S)NH_2$, $C(=NH)alkyl$, $alkylC(=NH)alkyl$, $C(=NR_3)N(R_4)(R_5)$, $alkylC(=NR_3)N(R_4)(R_5)$;
- 25 R_2 is selected from H, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, OH, Oalkyl, amine, alkylaldehyde, alkylamide, alkylester, alkylketone, alkylacid, Oalkylamide, Oalkylacid, Oalkylester, aminealkylacid, aminealkylamide, aminealkylester, $NC(=O)alkyl$, $NC(=O)aryl$, $NC(=O)cycloalkyl$, $NC(=O)alkylaryl$, alkylamine, amide, aldehyde, ester, ketone, NO_2 , SH, $S(O)_n(C_{1-10}alkyl)$, SO_3H , SO_3alkyl , CHO, acid, alkyl, $C(=NH)alkyl$,
- 30

-6-

$C(=NH)NHNH_2$, $alkylC(=NH)NHNH_2$, $C(=NH)NHOH$,
 $alkylC(=NH)NHOH$, $NHC(=NH)NH_2$, $alkylNHC(=NH)NH_2$, $C(=S)NH_2$,
 $alkylC(=S)NH_2$, $alkylC(=NH)alkyl$, $C(=NR_3)N(R_4)(R_5)$,
 $alkylC(=NR_3)N(R_4)(R_5)$;

- 5 R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 are a hydrogen atom, alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms optionally interrupted by a heteroatom, or R_4 and R_5 are bonded to form $-(CH_2)_p-W-(CH_2)_q-$, wherein p and q are an integer of 2 or 3, a certain position on the methylene chain is unsubstituted or substituted by an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, W is a direct bond, $-CH_2-$, $-O-$,
 10 $-N(R_6)-$, or $-S(O)_r-$ wherein R_6 is H or alkyl, and r is 0 or 1 or 2;

n is selected from 0, 1, 2;

X_1 is C or N;

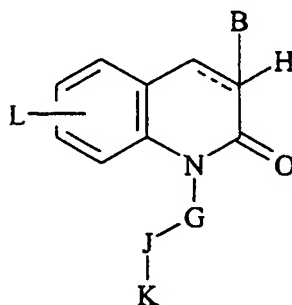
X_2 is C or N;

X_3 is C or N;

- 15 X_4 is C or N; and

--- represents an optional additional bond.

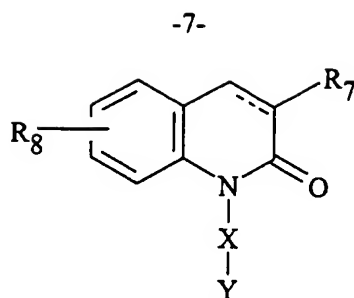
Preferred group of compounds have the Formula II:



II

- or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof, wherein B, G, J, K, L, and --- are as defined above.
 20

More preferred compounds provided by this invention are compounds of Formula III



wherein X, Y, R₇, R₈, and --- are as follows:

X is selected from (CH₂)₅,

(CH₂)₄,

5 (CH₂)₆,

CH₂C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂,

CH₂CH₂NHC(=O)CH₂,

(CH₂)₂NH(CH₂)₂,

(CH₂)₂O(CH₂)₂,

10 C₆H₄,

CH₂C₆H₄,

C₆H₄CH₂,

C₆H₁₀,

CH₂C₆H₁₀,

15 C₆H₁₀CH₂,

C₅H₈,

CH₂C₅H₈,

C₅H₈CH₂, and

CH₂CH=CHCH₂CH₂;

20 Y is selected from 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyl,

piperidinyl,

2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidinyl-4-one,

(2-carboxy)piperidinyl,

(3-carboxy)piperidinyl,

25 (4-carboxy)piperidinyl,

3,5-dimethylpiperidinyl,

-8-

- (4-hydroxy)piperidinyl,
(2-imino)piperidinyl,
piperidin-4-one-yl,
(2-dimethylaminomethyl)-piperidinyl,
5 (4-dimethylamino)-piperidinyl,
(4-sulphonyloxy)-piperidinyl,
(2-phenyl)piperidinyl,
2,5-dimethylpyrrolidinyl,
pyrrolidinyl,
10 (2-carboxy)pyrrolidinyl,
(3-N-acetyl-N-methyl)pyrrolidinyl,
(3-amino)pyrrolidinyl,
(2,5-bis-methoxymethyl)-pyrrolidinyl,
2-hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidinyl,
15 2-hydroxymethyl-5-methyl-pyrrolidinyl,
diisopropylamino,
diethylamino,
methylamino,
1-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
20 2,5-dimethyl-1H-1-imidazolyl,
morpholinyl,
2,6-dimethylmorpholinyl,
piperazinyl,
2,6-dimethylpiperazinyl,
25 1H-pyrazolyl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazolyl,
2,5-dimethyltetrahydro-1H-1-pyrazolyl, and
1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-phenyl-1-quinolinyl;
R₇ is selected from (3-amidino)phenyl,
30 phenyl,
4-methoxyphenyl,
4-(amidino)phenyl,

-9-

- 3-(aminocarbonyl)phenyl,
3-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl,
(3-hydroxy)phenyl,
[3-hydroxylamino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
5 [3-hydrazino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
(3-aminomethyl)phenyl,
(3-amino)phenyl,
(3-methylamino)phenyl,
(3-dimethylamino)phenyl,
10 (5-amidino-2-hydroxy)phenyl,
(1-amidino)piperid-3-yl,
(1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-yl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-yl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-yl,
15 (5-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-2-yl,
(2-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-5-yl,
1H-pyrazol-5-yl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
(1-amidino)tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
20 (2-amidino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(2-amino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(5-amidino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
(5-amino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
pyridin-3-yl,
25 (4-amino)pyridin-3-yl,
(4-dimethylamino)pyridin-3-yl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-yl,
(2-amino)pyridin-4-yl,
30 (2-amidino)pyridin-4-yl,
(2-amidino)pyrimid-4-yl,
(2-amino)pyrimidin-4-yl,
(4-amidino)pyrimid-2-yl,

-10-

- (4-amino)pyrimidin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(6-amino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(4-amidino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
5 (4-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
(3-amidino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amidino)benzyl,
(3-amino)benzyl,
10 (3-aminomethyl)benzyl,
(1-amidino)piperid-3-ylmethyl,
(1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-ylmethyl,
15 (5-amidino)oxazol-2-ylmethyl,
(2-amidino)imidazol-5-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)imidazol-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
20 (2-amidino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
(2-amino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
(4-amidino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(4-amino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
25 (6-amino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
3-aminocyclohexyl,
3-amidinocyclohexyl,
3-aminocyclohexylmethyl,
3-amidinocyclohexylmethyl,
30 3-aminocyclopentyl,
3-amidinocyclopentyl,
3-aminocyclopentylmethyl, and
3-amidinocyclopentylmethyl; and

-11-

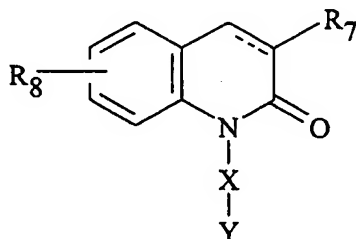
R_g is selected from H,

- Cl,
F,
SH,
5 SMe,
CF₃,
CH₃,
CO₂H,
CO₂Me,
10 CN,
C(=NH)NH₂,
C(=NH)NHOH,
C(=NH)NHNH₂,
C(=O)NH₂,
15 CH₂OH,
CH₂NH₂,
NO₂,
OH,
OMe,
20 OCH₂Ph,
OCH₂CO₂H,
O(CH₂)₂CO₂H,
O(CH₂)₃CO₂H,
NHCH₂CO₂H,
25 NH(CH₂)₂CO₂H,
NH(CH₂)₃CO₂H,
OCH₂CH₂OH,
OCH₂(1H-tetrazol-5-yl),
NH₂,

-12-

- NHButyl,
 NMe₂,
 NHPh,
 NHCH₂Ph,
 5 NHC(=O)Me,
 NHC(=O)c-Hexyl,
 NHC(=O)CH₂c-Hexyl,
 NHC(=O)Ph,
 NHC(=O)CH₂Ph,
 10 NHS(=O)₂Me,
 NHS(=O)₂c-Hexyl,
 NHS(=O)₂CH₂c-Hexyl,
 NHS(=O)₂Ph, and
 NHS(=O)₂CH₂Ph;
 15 or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof.

The most preferred compounds provided by this invention are compounds of Formula IV



IV

- 20 wherein X, Y, R₇, R₈, and --- are as follows:

X is selected from (CH₂)₅,

(CH₂)₄,

(CH₂)₆,

CH₂C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂,

- 25 CH₂CH₂NHC(=O)CH₂,

(CH₂)₂NH(CH₂)₂.

-13-

 $(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2,$ $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4,$ $\text{CH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_4,$ $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2,$ 5 $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10},$ $\text{CH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10},$ $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{CH}_2,$ $\text{C}_5\text{H}_8,$ $\text{CH}_2\text{C}_5\text{H}_8,$ 10 $\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{CH}_2,$ and $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2;$

Y is selected from 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyl,

piperidinyl,

2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidinyl-4-one,

15 (2-carboxy)piperidinyl,

(3-carboxy)piperidinyl,

(4-carboxy)piperidinyl,

3,5-dimethylpiperidinyl,

(4-hydroxy)piperidinyl,

20 (2-imino)piperidinyl,

piperidin-4-one-yl,

(2-dimethylaminomethyl)-piperidinyl,

(4-dimethylamino)-piperidinyl,

(4-sulphonyloxy)-piperidinyl,

25 (2-phenyl)piperidinyl,

2,5-dimethylpyrrolidinyl,

pyrrolidinyl,

(2-carboxy)pyrrolidinyl,

(3-N-acetyl-N-methyl)pyrrolidinyl,

30 (3-amino)pyrrolidinyl,

(2,5-bis-methoxymethyl)-pyrrolidinyl,

-14-

2-hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidinyl,
2-hydroxymethyl-5-methyl-pyrrolidinyl,
diisopropylamino,
diethylamino,
5 methylamino,
1-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
2,5-dimethyl-1H-1-imidazolyl,
morpholinyl,
2,6-dimethylmorpholinyl,
10 piperazinyl,
2,6-dimethylpiperazinyl,
1H-pyrazolyl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazolyl, and
2,5-dimethyltetrahydro-1H-1-pyrazolyl;
15 R₇ is selected from (3-amidino)phenyl,
(3-hydroxy)phenyl,
[3-hydroxylamino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
[3-hydrazino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
(3-aminomethyl)phenyl,
20 (3-amino)phenyl,
(3-methylamino)phenyl,
(3-dimethylamino)phenyl,
(5-amidino-2-hydroxy)phenyl,
(1-amidino)piperid-3-yl,
25 (1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-yl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-yl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-yl,
(5-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-2-yl,
(2-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-5-yl,
30 1H-pyrazol-5-yl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
(1-amidino)tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,

-15-

- (2-amidino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(2-amino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(5-amidino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
(5-amino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
5 pyridin-3-yl,
(4-amino)pyridin-3-yl,
(4-dimethylamino)pyridin-3-yl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-yl,
10 (2-amino)pyridin-4-yl,
(2-amidino)pyridin-4-yl,
(2-amidino)pyrimid-4-yl,
(2-amino)pyrimidin-4-yl,
(4-amidino)pyrimid-2-yl,
15 (4-amino)pyrimidin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(6-amino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(4-amidino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
(4-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
20 (3-amidino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amidino)benzyl,
(3-amino)benzyl,
(3-aminomethyl)benzyl,
25 (1-amidino)piperid-3-ylmethyl,
(1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)oxazol-2-ylmethyl,
30 (2-amidino)imidazol-5-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)imidazol-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,

-16-

- (2-amidino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
(2-amino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
(4-amidino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(4-amino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
5 (6-amidino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
3-aminocyclohexyl,
3-amidinocyclohexyl,
3-aminocyclohexylmethyl,
10 3-amidinocyclohexylmethyl,
3-aminocyclopentyl,
3-amidinocyclopentyl,
3-aminocyclopentylmethyl, and
3-amidinocyclopentylmethyl; and
15 R₈ is selected from H,
Cl,
F,
SH,
SMe,
20 CF₃,
CH₃,
CO₂H,
CO₂Me,
CN,
25 C(=NH)NH₂,
C(=NH)NHOH,
C(=NH)NHNH₂,
C(=O)NH₂,
CH₂OH,
30 CH₂NH₂,
NO₂,

-17-

OH,
OMe,
OCH₂Ph,
OCH₂CO₂H,
5 O(CH₂)₂CO₂H,
O(CH₂)₃CO₂H,
NHCH₂CO₂H,
NH(CH₂)₂CO₂H,
NH(CH₂)₃CO₂H,
10 OCH₂CH₂OH,
OCH₂(1H-tetrazol-5-yl),
NH₂,
NHButyl,
NMe₂,
15 NHPh,
NHCH₂Ph,
NHC(=O)Me,
NHC(=O)c-Hexyl,
NHC(=O)CH₂c-Hexyl,
20 NHC(=O)Ph,
NHC(=O)CH₂Ph,
NHS(=O)₂Me,
NHS(=O)₂c-Hexyl,
NHS(=O)₂CH₂c-Hexyl,
25 NHS(=O)₂Ph, and
NHS(=O)₂CH₂Ph;

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof.

-18-

In one embodiment of Formula IV, Y, R₇, and R₈ are as above, and X is (CH₂)₅.

In another embodiment of Formula IV, X, R₇, and R₈ are as above and Y is 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyl.

5 In another embodiment of Formula IV, X, Y, and R₈ are as above and R₇ is (2-hydroxy-5-amidino)phenyl.

In another embodiment of Formula IV, X, Y, and R₇ are as above and R₈ is H.

10 In another embodiment of Formula IV, R₇ is as above, and X is (CH₂)₅, Y is 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyl, and R₈ is H.

In another embodiment of Formula IV, R₇ is as above, and X is (CH₂)₅ and Y is 2,5-dimethylpyrrolidinyl.

Representative compounds of the present invention include:

15 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-N-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidohydrazide;

3-[3-(Aminomethyl)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 3-(3-Aminophenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-[3-(methylamino)phenyl]-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[3-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

30 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

-19-

- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;
- 5 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;
- 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-furancarboximidamide;
- 2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 10 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3-oxazole-2-carboximidamide;
- 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 15 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1-pyrazolidinecarboximidamide;
- 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;
- 20 3-(2-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 25 3-(5-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-pyridinyl)-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(6-Amino-3-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 30 3-[6-(Dimethylamino)-3-pyridinyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-20-

3-(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

5 3-(2-Amino-4-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

10 4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

3-(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

15 3-(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;

20 3-(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2-carboximidamide;

3-(4-Amino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3-carboximidamide;

3-(3-Amino-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

30 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(3-Aminobenzyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-21-

- 3-[3-(Aminomethyl)benzyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 5 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;
- 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;
- 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-furancarboximidamide;
- 10 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;
- 15 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 20 4-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 25 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;
- 30 3-[(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-22-

3-(3-Aminocyclohexyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclohexanecarboximidamide;

5 3-[(3-Aminocyclohexyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclohexanecarboximidamide;

10 3-(3-Aminocyclopentyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclopentanecarboximidamide;

3-[(3-Aminocyclopentyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

15 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclopentanecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]butyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(1-6-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]hexyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

2-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]-N-2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethylacetamide;

3-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]-N-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylpropanamide;

25 3-1-[2-(2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethylamino)ethyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(2-2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethoxyethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]benzyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-23-

3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylphenyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclohexyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclohexylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylcyclohexyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-(1-3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclopentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclopentylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-[1-(3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylcyclopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-(*E*)-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]-2-pentenyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-piperidinopentyl)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

25 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]pentyl-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]pentyl-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]pentyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

30 3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylpiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

-24-

- 3-1-[5-(4-Hydroxypiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-1-[5-(2-Iminopiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 5 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(4-oxopiperidino)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-[1-(5-2-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]piperidinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[4-(Dimethylamino)piperidino]pentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;
- 10 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyln]pentyl-4-piperidinesulfonic acid;
- 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2-phenylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 15 3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyln]pentyl-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid;
- 20 N-(1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyln]pentyltetrahydro-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide;
- 3-1-[5-(3-Amino-1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;
- 25 3-(1-5-[2,5-bis(Methoxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]pentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]pentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-5-methyl-1-pyrrolidinyl]pentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;
- 30 3-1-[5-(Diisopropylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

-25-

3-1-[5-(Diethylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(Methylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-1-[5-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-1-[5-(5-Morpholinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylmorpholino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-[2-oxo-1-(5-Piperazinopentyl)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-1-[5-(2,6-Dimethylpiperazino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Chloro-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-fluoro-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-sulfanyln-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(methylsulfanyln)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

-26-

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboxylic acid;

5 Methyl 3-3-[amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboxylate;

3-(7-Cyano-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

15 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[hydrazino(imino)methyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboxamide;

20 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(hydroxymethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Aminomethyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-nitro-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-methoxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(7-(Benzyloxy)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-27-

2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]acetic acid;

5 3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]propanoic acid;

4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]butanoic acid;

10 2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]amino]acetic acid;

3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]amino]propanoic acid;

15 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]amino]butanoic acid;

20 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(1*H*-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-ylmethoxy)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(7-Amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Butylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Dimethylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(7-Anilino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Benzylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

-28-

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)acetamide;

5 *N*-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)cyclohexanecarboxamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-cyclohexylacetamide;

10 *N*-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)benzenecarboxamide;

15 *N*-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-phenylacetamide;

3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(7-[(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-[(Benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

30 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-*N*-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

-29-

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidohydrazide;

3-[3-(Aminomethyl)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

5 3-(3-Aminophenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-[3-(methylamino)phenyl]-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

10 3-[3-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;

15 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;

20 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-2-furancarboximidamide;

2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-1,3-oxazole-2-carboximidamide;

25 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

30 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-1-pyrazolidinecarboximidamide;

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;

-30-

- 3-(2-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 5 3-(5-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-pyridinyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(6-Amino-3-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 10 3-[6-(Dimethylamino)-3-pyridinyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 15 6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 3-(2-Amino-4-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 20 4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;
- 3-(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 25 2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;
- 3-(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;
- 30 3-(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-31-

- 4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2-carboximidamide;
- 3-(4-Amino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 5 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3-carboximidamide;
- 3-(3-Amino-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]benzenecarboximidamide;
- 10 3-(3-Aminobenzyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-[3-(Aminomethyl)benzyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 15 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;
- 20 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;
- 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-furancarboximidamide;
- 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 25 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;
- 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;
- 30 6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-32-

- 4-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 5 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;
- 10 3-[(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(3-Aminocyclohexyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 15 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclohexanecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(3-Aminocyclohexyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclohexanecarboximidamide;
- 20 3-(3-Aminocyclopentyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclopentanecarboximidamide;
- 25 3-[(3-Aminocyclopentyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclopentanecarboximidamide;
- 3-[(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]butyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;
- 30 3-(1-6-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]hexyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-33-

2-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinolinyl]-N-2-
[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]ethylacetamide;

3-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinolinyl]-N-
[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]methylpropanamide;

5 3-1-[2-(2-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-
pyridinyl]ethylamino)ethyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-
quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(2-2-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]ethoxyethyl)-
2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-(1-4-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]phenyl-2-oxo-
1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]benzyl-2-oxo-
1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-[1-(4-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]methylphenyl)-
2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]cyclohexyl-2-
oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-[1-(4-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-
pyridinyl]cyclohexylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(4-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-
pyridinyl]methylcyclohexyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(1-3-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]cyclopentyl-2-
oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(3-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-
pyridinyl]cyclopentylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-[1-(3-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-
pyridinyl]methylcyclopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-(E)-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]-2-pentenyl-
2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-34-

3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-piperidinopentyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinoliny]pentyl-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinoliny]pentyl-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

10 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinoliny]pentyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylpiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(4-Hydroxypiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-1-[5-(2-Iminopiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(4-oxopiperidino)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-[1-(5-2-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]piperidinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[4-(Dimethylamino)piperidino]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinoliny]pentyl-4-piperidinesulfonic acid;

25 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2-phenylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinoliny]pentyl-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid;

-35-

N-(1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinoliny]pentyltetrahydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide;

3-1-[5-(3-Amino-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-(1-5-[2,5-bis(Methoxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-5-methyl-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(Diisopropylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(Diethylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-1-[5-(Methylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(5-Morpholinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylmorpholino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-piperazinopentyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,6-Dimethylpiperazino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

-36-

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinybenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Chloro-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-fluoro-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-sulfanyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(methylsulfanyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboxylic acid;

methyl 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboxylate;

20 3-(7-Cyano-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

25 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-*N*-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[hydrazino(imino)methyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinybenzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboxamide;

-37-

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(hydroxymethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-(7-(Aminomethyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-nitro-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-methoxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Benzyloxy)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]acetic acid;

3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]propanoic acid;

20 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]butanoic acid;

25 2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]amino]acetic acid;

3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]amino]propanoic acid;

30 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]amino]butanoic acid;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

-38-

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(1*H*-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-ylmethoxy)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-(7-Amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Butylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Dimethylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-(7-Anilino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Benzylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]acetamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)cyclohexanecarboxamide;

20 N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-cyclohexylacetamide;

25 N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]benzenecarboxamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-phenylacetamide;

30 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

-39-

3-(7-[(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-{1-[5-(2,6-Dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-quinolin-3-yl}-4-hydroxy-benzamidine;

4-{1-[5-(2,6-Dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl}-benzoic acid methyl ester;

4-{1-[5-(2,6-Dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl}-benzamidine;

3-Phenyl-1-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyl)-1*H*-quinolin-2-one;

3-{1-[5-(2,6-Dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl}-benzamide;

3-Phenyl-1-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyl)-3,4-dihydro-1*H*-quinolin-2-one;

2(1*H*)-Quinolinone, 1,1'-(1,5-pentylidene)bis[3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-, (±)-;

3-(7-[(Benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide; and

1-[5-(2,6-Dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-pentyl]-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1*H*-quinolin-2-one.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The term "alkyl" means a straight, branched, saturated or unsaturated carbon chain having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms. Typical alkyl groups include methyl, isobutyl, pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, pent-1,4-dienyl, but-1-enyl and the like.

-40-

The term "cycloalkyl" means a saturated or unsaturated carbon chain which forms a ring having from 3 to 20 carbon atoms. Typical examples include cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl and the like.

5 The term "cycloalkylalkyl" means a cycloalkyl group attached to an alkyl group wherein "cycloalkyl" and "alkyl" are as defined above and includes, for example, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopentylethyl and the like.

10 The term "heteroalkyl" means a straight, branched, saturated or unsaturated carbon chain having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms wherein one or more carbon atoms is replaced by a heteroatom selected from oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur, sulphoxide, or sulphone. Typical "heteroalkyl" groups include methoxymethyl, 3-thiomethylpropyl, and 2-thiomethoxyethoxymethyl and the like.

15 The term "aryl" represents an unsaturated carbocyclic ring(s) of 6 to 16 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted with OH, O(alkyl), SH, S(alkyl), amine, halogen, acid, ester, amide, alkyl ketone, aldehyde, nitrile, fluoroalkyl, nitro, sulphone, sulfoxide, or (C₁₋₆)alkyl. Typical rings include phenyl, naphthyl, phenanthryl, and anthracenyl. Preferred aryl rings are phenyl, substituted phenyl, and naphthyl.

20 The term "arylalkyl" means an aromatic radical attached to an alkyl radical wherein "aryl" and "alkyl" are as defined above and includes, for example, benzyl and naphthylmethyl.

25 The term "heterocycle" means a saturated or unsaturated mono- or polycyclic (i.e., bicyclic) ring incorporating one or more (i.e., 1-4) heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S. It is understood that a heterocycle is optionally substituted with OH, O(alkyl), SH, S(alkyl), amine, halogen, acid, ester, amide, alkyl ketone, aldehyde, nitrile, fluoroalkyl, nitro, sulphone, sulfoxide, or C₁₋₆ alkyl. Examples of suitable monocyclic heterocycles include, but are not limited to substituted or unsubstituted thienyl, furanyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidyl, 30 aziridinyl, morpholinyl, thietanyl, oyetanyl. Preferred monoydicheterocycles include, but are not limited to, 2- or 3- thienyl; 2- or 3-furanyl; 1-, 2-, or 3-pyrrolyl; 1-, 2-, 4-, or 5-imidazolyl; 1-, 3-, 4-, or 5-pyrazolyl; 2-, 4-, or

-41-

5-thiazolyl; 3-, 4- or 5-isothiazolyl; 2-, 4-, or 5-oxazolyl; 3-, 4-, or 5-isoxazolyl; 1-, 3-, or 5-triazolyl; 1-, 2-, or 3-tetrazolyl; 2-, 3-, 4-pyridinyl; 2-pyrazinyl; 2-, 4-, or 5-pyrimidinyl; 1-, 2-, 3-, or 4- piperidinyl; 1-, 2-, or 3-pyrrolidinyl; 1-, or 2-piperazinyl; 1-, 2-, or 3-azetidiny; 1- or 2-aziridinyl; 2-, 3-, or 4-morpholinyl; 2- or 3- thietanyl; 2- or 3-oxetanyl. Examples of suitable bicyclic heterocycles include, but are not limited to, indolizinyl, isoindolyl, benzothienyl, benzoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, and preferably 1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-indolyl; 1-, 2-, 3-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-indolizinyl; 1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-isoindolyl; 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-benzothienyl; 2-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-benzoxazolyl; 1-, 2-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-benzimidazolyl; 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-quinolinyl; 1-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-isoquinolinyl.

The term "heteroatom" as used herein represents oxygen, nitrogen, or sulfur (O, N, or S) as well as sulfoxyl or sulfonyl (SO or SO₂) unless otherwise indicated. It is understood that alkyl chains interrupted by one or more heteroatoms means that a carbon atom of the chain is replaced with a heteroatom having the appropriate valency. Preferably, an alkyl chain is interrupted by 1 to 4 heteroatoms and that two adjacent carbon atoms are not both replaced. Examples of such groups include methoxymethyl, 3-thiomethylpropyl, and 2-thiomethoxyethoxymethyl.

The term "amine" refers to a group such as NH₂, NHalkyl, NH(cycloalkyl), NH(cycloalkylalkyl), NH(aryl), NH(arylalkyl), NH(heteroaryl), NH(heteroarylalkyl), N(alkyl)(alkyl), N(alkyl)(cycloalkyl), N(alkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl), N(alkyl)(aryl), N(alkyl)(arylalkyl), N(alkyl)(heteroaryl), N(alkyl)(heteroarylalkyl), N(cycloalkyl)(cycloalkyl), N(cycloalkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl), N(cycloalkyl)(aryl), N(cycloalkyl)(arylalkyl), N(cycloalkyl)(heteroaryl), N(cycloalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl), N(cycloalkylalkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl), N(cycloalkylalkyl)(aryl), N(cycloalkylalkyl)(arylalkyl), N(cycloalkylalkyl)(heteroaryl), N(cycloalkylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl), N(aryl)(cycloalkylalkyl), N(aryl)(aryl), N(aryl)(arylalkyl), N(aryl)(heteroaryl), N(aryl)(heteroarylalkyl), N(arylalkyl)(arylalkyl), N(arylalkyl)(heteroaryl), N(arylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl),

-42-

N(heteroaryl)(heteroaryl), N(heteroaryl)(heteroarylalkyl),
N(heteroarylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl).

The term "acid" refers to C(=O)OH.

The term "ketone" refers to C(=O)alkyl, C(=O)cycloalkyl,
5 C(=O)cycloalkylalkyl, C(=O)aryl, C(=O)arylalkyl, C(=O)heteroaryl,
C(=O)heteroarylalkyl.

The term "ester" refers to a group such as C(=O)Oalkyl,
C(=O)Ocycloalkyl, C(=O)Ocycloalkylalkyl, C(=O)Oaryl, C(=O)Oarylalkyl,
C(=O)Oheteroaryl, C(=O)Oheteroarylalkyl.

10 The term "amide" refers to a group such as, C(=O)NH₂, C(=O)NHalkyl,
C(=O)NH(cycloalkyl), C(=O)NH(cycloalkylalkyl), C(=O)NH(aryl),
C(=O)NH(arylalkyl), C(=O)NH(heteroaryl), C(=O)NH(heteroarylalkyl),
C(=O)N(alkyl)(alkyl), C(=O)N(alkyl)(cycloalkyl),
C(=O)N(alkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl), C(=O)N(alkyl)(aryl), C(=O)N(alkyl)(arylalkyl),
15 C(=O)N(alkyl)(heteroaryl), C(=O)N(alkyl)(heteroarylalkyl),
C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(cycloalkyl), C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl),
C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(aryl), C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(arylalkyl),
C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(heteroaryl), C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl),
C(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl), C(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(aryl),
20 C(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(arylalkyl), C(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(heteroaryl),
C(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl), C(=O)N(aryl)(cycloalkylalkyl),
C(=O)N(aryl)(aryl), C(=O)N(aryl)(arylalkyl), C(=O)N(aryl)(heteroaryl),
C(=O)N(aryl)(heteroarylalkyl), C(=O)N(arylalkyl)(arylalkyl),
C(=O)N(arylalkyl)(heteroaryl), C(=O)N(arylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl),
25 C(=O)N(heteroaryl)(heteroaryl), C(=O)N(heteroaryl)(heteroarylalkyl),
C(=O)N(heteroarylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl).

The term "urea" refers to a group such as NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(alkyl),
NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(cycloalkyl), NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl),
NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(aryl), NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(arylalkyl),
30 NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(heteroaryl), NHC(=O)N(alkyl)(heteroarylalkyl),
NHC(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(cycloalkyl), NHC(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl),
NHC(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(aryl), NHC(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(arylalkyl),

-43-

NHC(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(heteroaryl), NHC(=O)N(cycloalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl),
NHC(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(cycloalkylalkyl), NHC(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(aryl),
NHC(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(arylalkyl), NHC(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(heteroaryl),
NHC(=O)N(cycloalkylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl), NHC(=O)N(aryl)(cycloalkylalkyl),
5 NHC(=O)N(aryl)(aryl), NHC(=O)N(aryl)(arylalkyl),
NHC(=O)N(aryl)(heteroaryl), NHC(=O)N(aryl)(heteroarylalkyl),
NHC(=O)N(arylalkyl)(arylalkyl), NHC(=O)N(arylalkyl)(heteroaryl),
NHC(=O)N(arylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl), NHC(=O)N(heteroaryl)(heteroaryl),
NHC(=O)N(heteroaryl)(heteroarylalkyl),
10 NHC(=O)N(heteroarylalkyl)(heteroarylalkyl).

The term "halogen" refers to chlorine, fluorine, bromine, and iodine.

The wedge or hash is only one representation of a stereochemical descriptor. All stereoisomers, including enantiomers and diastereomers, are included within Formulas I to IV and are provided by this invention. When
15 specific isomers are drawn, they are the preferred isomers.

In some situations, compounds may exist as tautomers. All tautomers are included within Formulas I to IV and are provided by this invention.

When compounds are administered, some metabolism may occur. All metabolites are included within Formulas I to IV and are provided by this
20 invention.

When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross the bond connecting 2 atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom in the ring, provided the atom will accept the substituent without violating its valency. When there appears to be several atoms of the substituent that may bond to the ring
25 atom, then it is the first atom of the listed substituent that is attached to the ring.

When a bond is represented by a line such as "---," this is meant to represent that the bond may be absent or present provided that the resultant compound is stable and of satisfactory valency.

Compounds of the present invention are capable of forming acid addition
30 salts (see for example, Berge S.M et al., "Pharmaceutical Salts," *Journal of Pharmaceutical Science*, 1977:1-10) with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid and the like as well as salts derived from organic acids such as, for example, aliphatic mono- and dicarboxylic acids or aliphatic and

-44-

aromatic sulphonic acids. The acid addition salts are prepared by contacting the free base form with a sufficient amount of the desired acid to produce the salt. The free base form may be regenerated by contacting the salt form with a base. While the free base more may differ from the salt form in terms of physical properties, such as solubility, the salts are equivalent to their respective free bases for the purposes of the present invention.

Certain compounds of the present invention can exist in unsolvated form as well as solvated form including hydrated form. In general, the solvated form including hydrated form are equivalent to unsolvated form and are intended to be encompassed within the scope of the present invention.

“Prodrugs” are intended to include any covalently bonded carrier which releases the active parent drug according to Formulas I to IV in vivo. Examples of prodrugs include acetates, formates, benzoate derivatives of alcohols, and amines present in compounds of Formulas I to IV. They also include derivatives of the amidine or guanine functionality and would include $C(=NR_3)NH_2$ where R_3 is selected from OH, NH_2 , C_{1-4} alkoxy, C_{6-10} aryloxy, C_{1-10} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{6-10} aryloxycarbonyl. Preferred derivatives include examples wherein R_3 is OH, NH_2 , methoxy, and ethoxycarbonyl.

The following table provides a list of abbreviations and definitions thereof used in the present invention.

-45-

Abbreviation	Description
AMC	Aminomethylcoumarin
aPTT	Activated partial thromboplastin time
BOC	Tertiary-butyloxycarbonyl
BOP-reagent	Benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino) phosphonium hexafluorophosphate
Bz	Benzoate
CDCl ₃	Deuteriochloroform
DMF	Dimethyl formamide
DMSO	Dimethylsulfoxide
¹ H-NMR	Proton nuclear magnetic resonance
HCl	Hydrogen chloride
HF	Hydrogen fluoride
HMPA	Hexamethylphosphoramide
HPLC	high pressure liquid chromatography
MOT	Mean occlusion time
MS (APCI)	Mass spectrometry (atmospheric pressure CI)
MS (CI)	Mass spectrometry (chemical ionization)
MS (ES)	Mass spectrometry (electro spray)
NaOH	Sodium hydroxide
nBuLi	n-butyl lithium
NH ₄ Cl	Ammonium chloride
Pd/C	Palladium on carbon
PtO ₂	Platinum oxide
r.t. or RT	Room temperature
TFA	Trifluoroacetic acid
THF	Tetrahydrofuran
TT	Thrombin time
VAZO-52	2,2'-Azobis-2-methylvaleronitrile

Also provided by this invention is a method for preventing and treating acute, subacute, and chronic thrombotic disorder in a mammal comprising administering to such mammal an effective amount of a compound of Formulas I to IV. The compounds are useful as anticoagulants for the treatment and prophylaxis of disorders such as venous and arterial thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, and ischemic events such as myocardial infarction or cerebral infarction. These compounds also have therapeutic utility for the prevention and

-46-

treatment of complications of indwelling vascular access ports and arteriovenous shunts and coagulopathies associated with cardiopulmonary bypass or other extracorporeal systems. These compounds are useful for preventing or treating unstable angina, refractory angina, intermittent claudication, disseminated
5 intravascular coagulation, and ocular buildup of fibrin. Since thrombin and serine proteases have also been demonstrated to activate a number of different cell types, these compounds are useful for the treatment or prophylaxis of septic shock and other inflammatory responses such as acute or chronic atherosclerosis. The compounds also have utility in treating neoplasia/metastasis and
10 neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease. In a preferred method, the thrombotic disorder is selected from venous thrombosis, arterial thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, myocardial infarction, cerebral infarction, angina, cancer, and diabetes. A further embodiment of this invention is a pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound of Formulas I to IV
15 administered with a diluent, excipient, or carrier thereof.

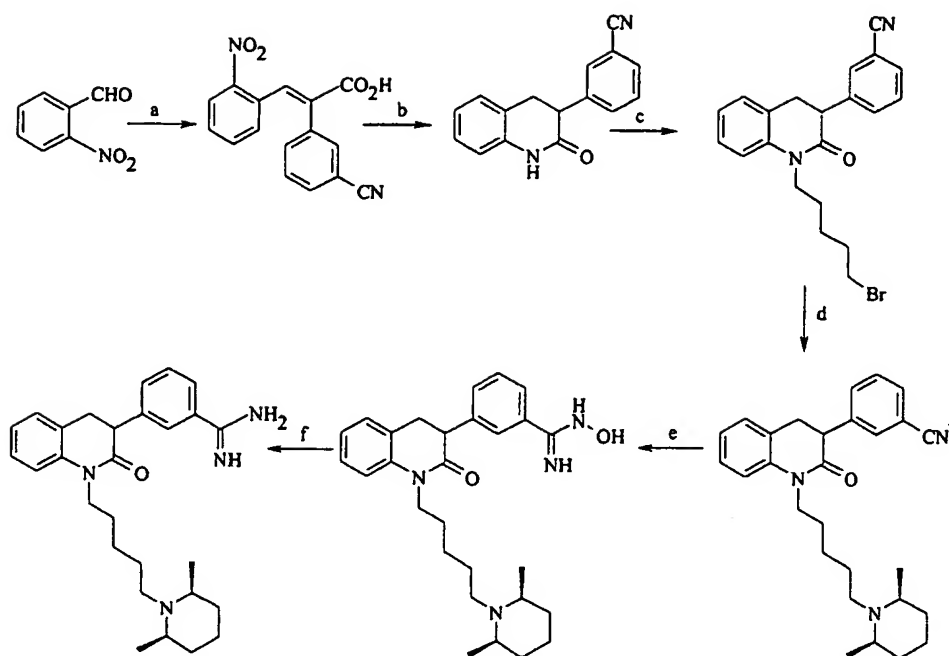
Preparation of Compounds of the Invention

The compounds of Formulas I to IV can be prepared by any of various methods known to those skilled in the art of organic chemistry. The following general schemes represent preferred routes to provide the compounds of this
20 disclosure. The reactions are typically performed in solvents appropriate to the reagents and substrates employed. It is understood that functionality present in the molecule must be compatible with the reagents and reaction conditions proposed. Not all compounds of Formulas I to IV falling into a given class may be compatible with some of the reaction conditions described. Such restrictions are
25 readily apparent to those skilled in the art of organic synthesis, and alternative methods must then be used.

Quinolinones of Formula I are prepared according to Scheme 1.

-47-

Scheme 1



-48-

Step a:

Treatment of a suitably substituted ortho-nitro benzaldehyde with a phenyl acetic acid, such as 3-cyano-phenylacetic acid, in acetic anhydride and in the presence of base, such as triethylamine, at elevated temperatures, such as at reflux, affords the (E)-2-(3-cyanophenyl)-3-(2-nitrophenyl)prop-2-enoic acid.

Step b:

Reduction of the nitro and alkene functionality is affected by the hydrogenation of the material in the presence of palladium on carbon under a hydrogen atmosphere. Allowing this reaction to proceed for an extended period, such as 24 hours, results in the formation of the 3-(3-cyanophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinolinone. It is, of course, realized that the cyano substituent may undergo reduction with palladium on carbon and hydrogen. In some situations, it is necessary to employ an alternative substituent that is subsequently converted to the cyano group. Such substituents may include an ester, acid, amide, or hydroxymethyl group. Alternatively in situations where concomitant reduction of the substituents on the 3-phenyl ring, such as a bromine or cyano substituent occurs, then reduction to afford the quinolinone is affected by milder procedures such as the use of Raney nickel as a hydrogenation catalyst. It is also apparent that the NO₂ group may be reduced selectively, with for example, Sn/HCl, H₂S/NH₃ or by careful hydrogenation. These anilines may then be cyclized with sulfuric acid in acetic anhydride at elevated temperature to afford the dihydroquinolinones according to the procedure of Hino et al., *Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, 1987:2819 and Hey et al., *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1949:3164.

Step c:

Alkylation is typically achieved by treatment with an appropriate electrophile and by the addition of a base in a dipolar aprotic solvent. Typical conditions include, for example, use of a bis-electrophilic substrate such as 1,5-dibromopentane in a dipolar aprotic solvent such as DMF or DMSO and addition of a base, such as sodium hydride. Alternatively, alkylation can be achieved by the addition of a phase transfer reagent such as an alkylammonium salt, such as benzyltriethylammonium chloride, and employing a base such as

-49-

sodium ethoxide. Reaction rates are typically improved by the application of heat, and hence, reactions are run at from 0°C to 70°C.

Step d

5 Treatment with an amine, such as cis-2,6-dimethylpiperidine at an elevated temperature such as 50°C affords the expected N-alkylated piperidine. The amine may be used as solvent, or alternatively, the amine may be added in stoichiometric proportions and the reaction mixture refluxed in a solvent such as ethanol, acetonitrile, or toluene. The product, as the appropriate acid addition salt, is then neutralized by the addition of base such as aqueous potassium hydroxide. In
10 situations where the amine is volatile, then the reaction mixture is heated, typically from 50°C to 150°C, in a sealed tube.

Step e:

Conversion of the nitrile to the hydroxyamidine is achieved by allowing the nitrile to react with hydroxylamine in methanol at room temperature. Typically
15 hydroxylamine hydrochloride is added to the nitrile containing substrate at room temperature, and the reaction is initiated by the addition of base such as potassium carbonate or diisopropylethylamine. The reaction is usually monitored by HPLC to determine the absence of starting material, the nitrile, and are typically complete within a 24-hour period.

20 Step f:

The amidoxime is activated by the addition of acetic anhydride or trifluoroacetic anhydride intermediate in a solvent such as acetic acid or trifluoroacetic acid to afford the O-acylated, which may be isolated or
alternatively used directly in the subsequent reduction step. This step and the
25 subsequent reduction may be combined, i.e., the reduction with Pd/C is performed in acetic anhydride/acetic acid, or trifluoroacetic anhydride/trifluoroacetic acid.

Alternatively, treatment of the nitrile with hydrogen chloride in an alcoholic solvent affords the corresponding iminoether hydrochloride. These intermediates are then treated with a source of ammonia, for example, ammonia in

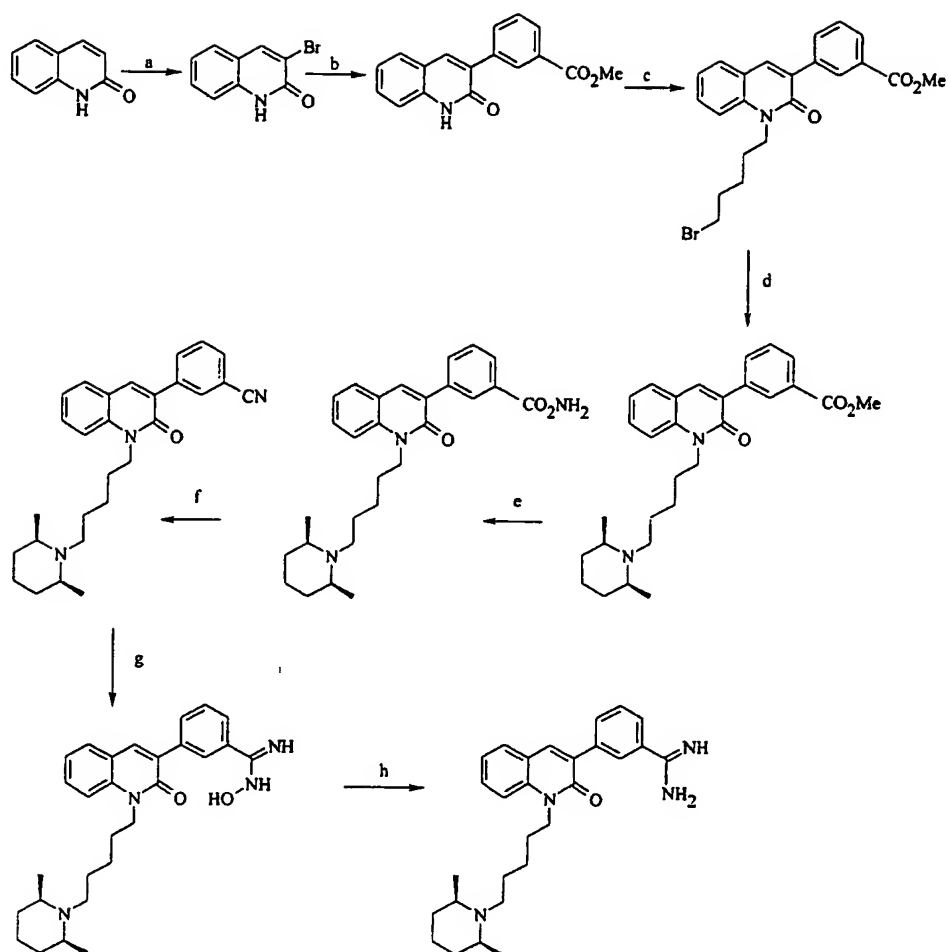
-50-

methanol, or ammonium chloride, or ammonium acetate, and the mixture is stirred and warmed, if necessary, to afford the amidine.

A procedure for preparing the compounds of Formula I, when the optional bond is present, is outlined in Scheme 2.

-51-

Scheme 2



-52-

Step a:

Treatment of the 3,4-dihydro-quinolin-2-one with a strong base, such as BuLi and tetramethylpiperidine, affords after exchange with mercury (II) chloride and then addition of the 3-bromo derivative (see Fernandez et al., *Synthesis*, 1995:1362). Alternatively, the required 3-bromohydroquinolin-2-one is available
5 from 3-bromoquinoline via its N-oxide according to the procedure of Leclerc et al., *J. Med. Chem.*, 1986:2427.

Step b:

A palladium cross-coupling reaction employing an aryl boronic acid, such
10 as 3-(methoxycarbonyl)phenylboronic acid or aryl stannane, effects the transformation of the vinylic bromide to the corresponding aryl alkene. Typically, palladium (0) tetrakis triphenylphosphine is added to a mixture of the halide and aryl boronic acid in a solvent such as a mixture of toluene and DMF, and mixture is then warmed to about 100°C under a nitrogen atmosphere. The procedure is
15 analogous to that described by Timari et al., *Syn. Lett.*, 1997:1067. An alternative procedure employing aryl zinc halide organometalics has also been described by Leclerc et al., *J. Med. Chem.*, 1986:2427.

Alternatively, according to the procedure of Meng et al., *J. Het. Chem.*, 1991:1481, the vinyl halide may be irradiated with a mercury lamp in a quartz
20 vessel in the presence of, for example, thiophene to afford the 3-(2-thienyl). Use of benzene as a solvent would afford the 3-phenyl adduct.

Step c:

Alkylation is typically achieved by treatment with an appropriate electrophile and by the addition of a base in a dipolar aprotic solvent. Typical
25 conditions include, for example, use of a bis-electrophilic substrate such as 1,5-dibromopentane in a dipolar aprotic solvent such as DMF or DMSO and addition of a base, such as sodium hydride. Alternatively, alkylation can be achieved by the addition of a phase transfer reagent such as an alkylammonium salt, such as benzyltriethylammonium chloride, and employing a base such as
30 sodium ethoxide. Reaction rates are typically improved by the application of heat and hence reactions are run at from 0°C to 70°C.

-53-

Step d:

5 Treatment with an amine, such as cis-2,6-dimethylpiperidine at an elevated temperature such as 50°C, affords the expected N-alkylated piperidine. The amine may be used as solvent, or alternatively, the amine may be added in stoichiometric proportions and the reaction mixture refluxed in a solvent such as ethanol, acetonitrile, or toluene. In situations where the amine is volatile, then the reaction mixture is heated, typically from 50°C to 150°C, in a sealed tube.

Step e:

10 Conversion of the methyl ester to the amide is achieved by addition of ammonium hydroxide to a solution of the ester in a solvent such as THF. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature for several hours, or alternatively, heated in a sealed tube. An alternative procedure for the transformation involves conversion of the ester to the corresponding carboxylic acid with aqueous sodium hydroxide and then conversion of the acid to the corresponding acid chloride with
15 for example oxalyl chloride, catalytic DMF, in a solvent such as methylene chloride. Finally, the acid chloride is then treated with aqueous ammonia, which readily affords the amide.

Step f:

20 Addition of trichloroacetyl chloride and triethylamine to a solution of the amide in methylene chloride at 0°C and then stirring with warming to room temperature over 1 hour readily affords the nitrile.

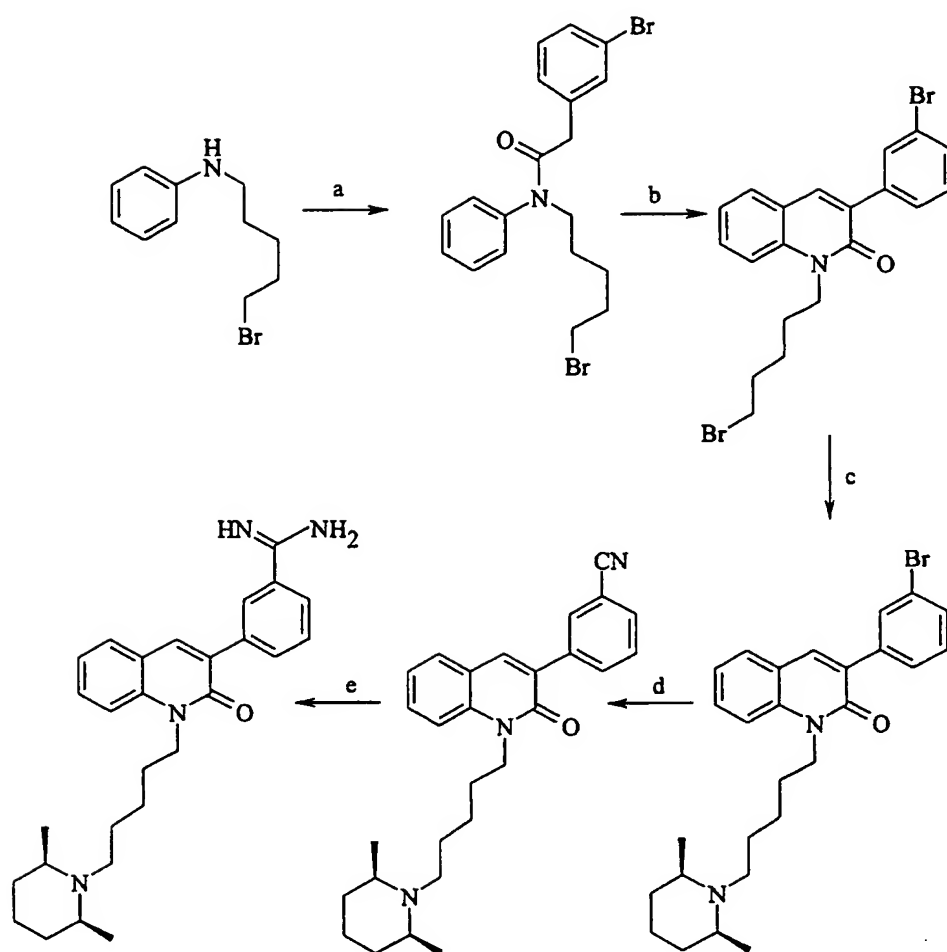
Steps g and h:

Conversion of the nitrile to the corresponding amidine is achieved according to the procedure in Scheme 1.

25 An alternative procedure to afford the required quinolinones proceeds according to the procedure of Chupp et al., *J. Het. Chem.*, 1979:65-71, and outlined in Scheme 3.

-54-

Scheme 3



-55-

Step a:

The aniline is converted to the anilide by treatment with the appropriate arylacetyl chloride in a solvent such as methylene chloride.

Step b:

- 5 Treatment of the anilide with Vilsmier reagent, prepared from DMF and phosphoryl chloride in methylene chloride, affords after refluxing the appropriate quinolinone.

Step c:

- 10 Treatment with an amine, such as cis-2,6-dimethylpiperidine at an elevated temperature such as 50°C affords the expected N-alkylated piperidine. The amine may be used as solvent, or alternatively, the amine may be added in stoichiometric proportions and the reaction mixture refluxed in a solvent such as ethanol, acetonitrile or toluene. In situations where the amine is volatile, then the reaction mixture is heated, typically from 50°C to 150°C, in a sealed tube.

15 Step d:

- The aryl bromide is converted to the corresponding nitrile by, for example, treatment with copper cyanide in a solvent such as DMF. Typically, the reaction mixture is warmed to 160°C and maintained at this temperature for several hours, typically 12, to afford the required product. Alternatively, the bromide, or iodide, or triflate is converted to the nitrile by treatment with a transition metal, such as
20 palladium tetrakis triphenylphosphine and zinc cyanide. The mixture is then warmed in a solvent such as DMF, typically to a temperature of 80°C for several hours or until the reaction is judged complete by, for example, TLC.

Step e:

- 25 The nitrile can be converted to the amidine by a number of procedures. Two useful procedures include: conversion of the nitrile to the hydroxyamidine which is achieved by allowing the nitrile to react with hydroxylamine in methanol at room temperature. Typically, hydroxylamine hydrochloride is added to the

-56-

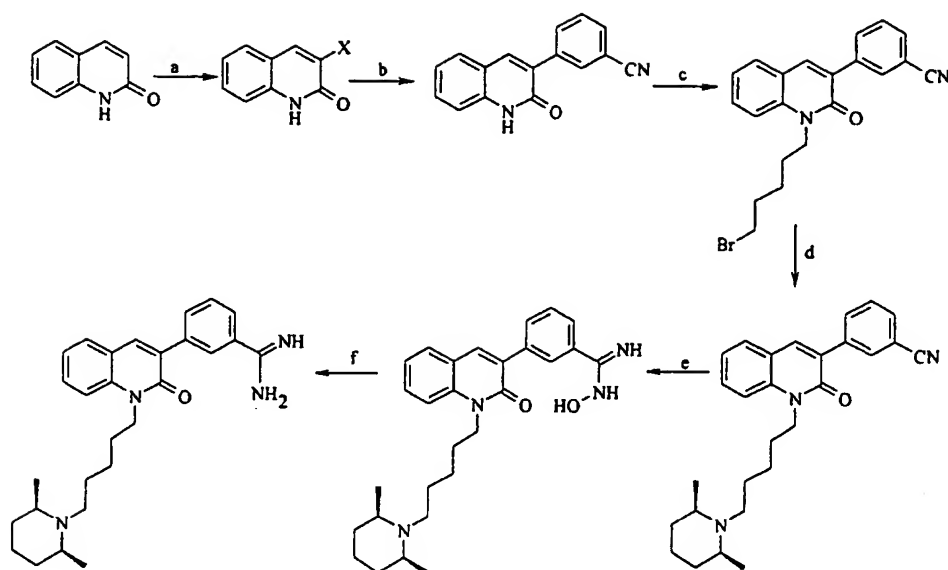
nitrile containing substrate at room temperature, and the reaction is initiated by the addition of base such as potassium carbonate or diisopropylethylamine. The amidoxime may be reduced directly to the amidine, but is typically activated by the addition of acetic anhydride or trifluoroacetic anhydride to afford the
5 O-acylated, or O-trifluoroacetyl, intermediate, which may be isolated or alternatively used directly in the subsequent reduction step. The reduction with Pd/C is performed in acetic anhydride/acetic acid, or trifluoroacetic anhydride/trifluoroacetic acid.

Alternatively, the nitrile may be treated with anhydrous HCl in an
10 alcoholic solvent such as methanol to afford the imino ether hydrochloride. This intermediate is then treated with a source of ammonia to afford the expected amidine. Typical sources of ammonia include ammonia in methanol or ammonium acetate and ammonium chloride.

Scheme 4 represents an alternative procedure for preparing the requisite
15 compounds of Formula I. It is particularly useful for introducing heterocyclic functionality at C-3.

-57-

Scheme 4



-58-

Step a:

Treatment of hydroquinolin-2-one with strong base, such as butyl lithium, and then tributylstannyl chloride, or hexabutyldistannane, readily affords the corresponding 3-stannyl quinolin-2-one.

5 Step b:

Addition of the stannane to a solution of 3-bromobenzonitrile in a solvent such as THF, DMF, toluene, or dioxane and in the presence of palladium, such as $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$, or $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ with the application of heat such as reflux, affords the 3-aryl (or 3-heteroaryl adduct in the case of a halo substituted heterocycle).

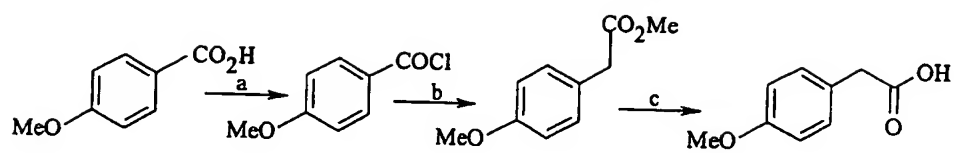
10 Steps c-f:

Typical procedures for these transformations are available in the above schemes.

The substituted acetic acid derivatives used in these reactions are prepared by a number of standard procedures. For example, substituted benzoic acids or
15 benzoylchlorides may be elaborated according to Scheme 5.

-59-

Scheme 5



-60-

Step a:

The substituted benzoic acid is converted to the corresponding acid chloride with, for example, oxalyl chloride and catalytic DMF in a solvent such as methylene chloride at 0°C to room temperature over a period of several hours,
5 such as 1 to 4 hours.

Step b:

Addition of ethereal diazomethane to the acid chloride in, for example, ether at about 5°C. The mixture is then stirred for 1 hour at room temperature in which, in advantageous situations, the acid chloride typically goes into solution
10 and the intermediate diazo species precipitates from solution. Rearrangement with silver oxide, freshly prepared from silver nitrate and aqueous sodium hydroxide in an alcoholic solvent such as methanol at reflux, affords the acetic acid methyl ester. During the reaction, loss of nitrogen is observed as effervescence and a silver mirror forms. Replacement of methanol with water affords the
15 corresponding acid.

Step c:

Conversion of the methyl ester is performed by the addition of aqueous base, such as lithium hydroxide, in a solvent such as THF/methanol/water and stirring the reaction mixture at room temperature for several hours.

20 Compounds of the present invention are further characterized by their ability to inhibit the catalytic activity of factor Xa, which is demonstrated in the assay as follows. Compounds of the present invention may be prepared for assay by dissolving them in buffer to give solutions ranging in concentrations from 1 to 100 µM. In an assay to determine the inhibitory dissociation constant, K_i , for a
25 given compound, a chromogenic or fluorogenic substrate of factor Xa would be added to a solution containing a test compound and factor Xa; the resulting catalytic activity of the enzyme is spectrophotometrically determined. This assay is well-known to those skilled in the art and is commonly used to determine antithrombotic activity.

-61-

The compounds of the present invention may be used as anti-coagulants in vitro or ex vivo as in the case of contact activation with foreign thrombogenic surfaces such as is found in tubing used in extracorporeal shunts. The compounds of the invention may also be used to coat the surface of such thrombogenic conduits. To this end, the compounds of the invention can be prepared as lyophilized powders, redissolved in isotonic saline or similar diluent, and added in an amount sufficient to maintain blood in an anticoagulated state.

The therapeutic agents of the present invention may be administered alone or in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. The proportion of each carrier is determined by the solubility and chemical nature of the compound, the route of administration, and standard pharmaceutical practice. For example, the compounds may be injected parenterally; this being intramuscularly, intravenously, or subcutaneously. For parenteral administration, the compound may be used in the form of sterile solutions containing other solutes, for example, sufficient saline or glucose to make the solution isotonic. The compounds may be administered orally in the form of tablets, capsules, or granules containing suitable excipients such as starch, lactose, white sugar and the like. The compounds may also be administered sublingually in the form of troches or lozenges in which each active ingredient is mixed with sugar or corn syrups, flavoring agents and dyes, and then dehydrated sufficiently to make the mixture suitable for pressing into solid form. The compounds may be administered orally in the form of solutions which may contain coloring and/or flavoring agents. Typical formulations will contain from about 5 to 95 percent by weight of an invention compound.

The amount of invention compound to be utilized to prevent and treat thrombotic disorders is that amount which is effective to prevent or treat the condition without causing unacceptable side effects. Such effective amounts will be from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 500 mg/kg, preferably from about 1 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg. Physicians will determine the precise dosage of the present therapeutic agents which will be most suitable. Dosages may vary with the mode of administration and the particular compound chosen. In addition, the dosage may vary with the particular patient under treatment.

-62-

When the composition is administered orally, a larger quantity of the active agent will typically be required to produce the same effect as caused with a smaller quantity given parenterally.

To further assist in understanding the present invention, the following non-limiting examples of such factor Xa inhibitory compounds are provided. The following examples, of course, should not be construed as specifically limiting the present invention, variations presently known or later developed, which would be within the purview of one skilled in the art and considered to fall within the scope of the present invention as described herein. The preferred compounds as of the present invention are synthesized using conventional preparative steps and recovery methods known to those skilled in the art of organic and bio-organic synthesis, while providing a new and unique combination for the overall synthesis of each compound. Preferred synthetic routes for intermediates involved in the synthesis, as well as the resulting anti-thrombotic compounds of the present invention, follow.

EXAMPLES

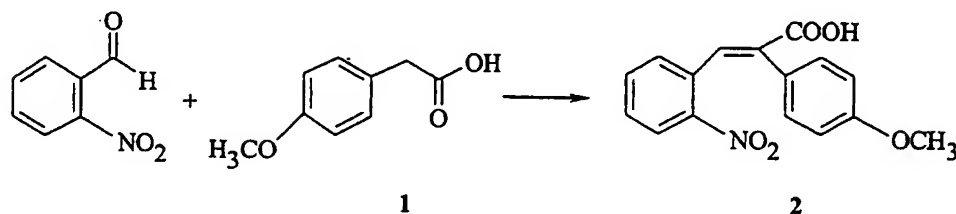
In general, evaporation of reaction mixtures were carried out by rotary evaporation in vacuo at room temperature 18°C to 25°C or at elevated temperatures up to 50°C. Chromatography, preferably by medium pressure liquid chromatography, were generally performed on Merck Kieselgel. Reverse phase purification via high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC), for particular polar compounds, was performed on C-18 reverse phase silica gel employing a gradient elution of water and acetonitrile containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid. The final products displayed nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra and mass spectra consistent with their assigned structure. Intermediates were not typically fully characterized, and their purity was routinely assessed by HPLC or thin layer chromatography.

EXAMPLE 1

1-[5-(2,6-Dimethylpiperidino)pentyl]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinolinone

-63-

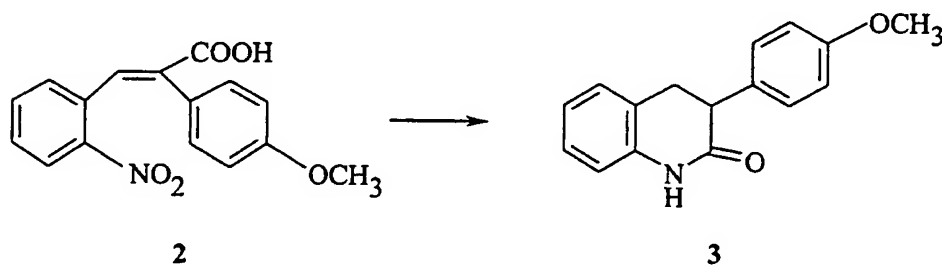
Step (a) Preparation of: **(E)-2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-(2-nitrophenyl)-2-propanoic acid**



Into a mixture of o-nitrobenzaldehyde (6.19 g, 41.0 mmol) and
 5 4-methoxyphenylacetic acid (1) (10.02 g, 60.3 mmol) in acetic anhydride (20 mL)
 was added triethylamine (5.66 mL, 41.0 mmol), and the reaction mixture was
 stirred and heated at reflux (150°C) for 15 minutes. The solution was cooled,
 diluted with water, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×200 mL). The combined
 organic extracts were washed with brine (2×100 mL), dried with magnesium
 10 sulfate, filtered, evaporated in vacuo, and dried under high vacuum to give 16.20 g
 as an orange solid. The product (2) was crystallized from ethyl acetate in hexane
 to give 10.21 g (87%) as a solid.

¹H NMR (DMSO, 300 M): δ 8.06 (1H, m), 7.91 (1H, s), 7.47 (3H, m), 6.97 (2H,
 d, J = 8.78 Hz), 6.76 (2H, d, J = 8.97 Hz), 3.68 (3H, s).

15 Step (b) Preparation of: **3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinolinone**

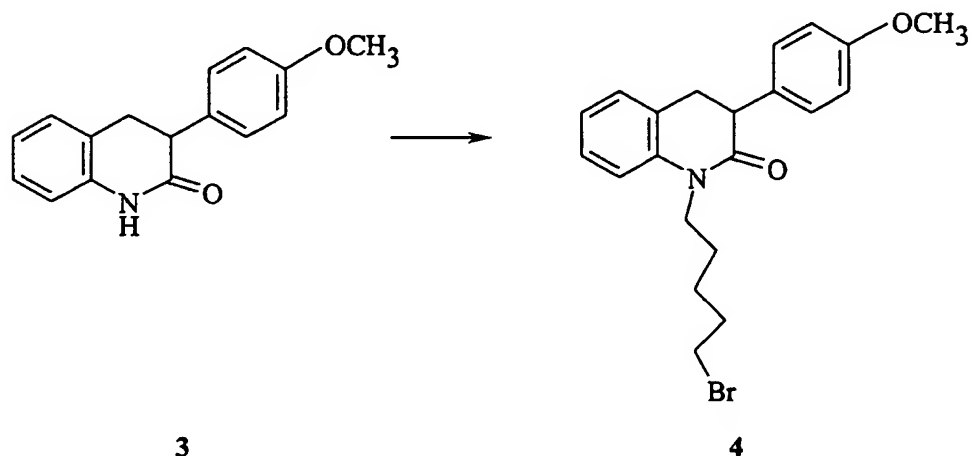


To (2) (8.22 g, 28.6 mmol) in methanol (100 mL) was added 20%
 palladium on carbon (1.0 g) and hydrogenated at 23°C for 3 hours. The mixture
 was filtered through celite and the filter pad washed with THF and DMF. The
 combined filtrate and washings were concentrated in vacuo. The product (3) was
 20 crystallized from methanol in water to give 6.4 g (88%) as a solid.

-64-

¹H NMR (DMSO, 300 M): δ 10.26 (1H, s), 7.14 (4H, m), 6.84 (4H, m), 3.69 (3H, s), 3.32 (1H, s), 3.11 (2H, d, J = 7.69 Hz).

Step (c) Preparation of: 1-(5-Bromopentyl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinolinone

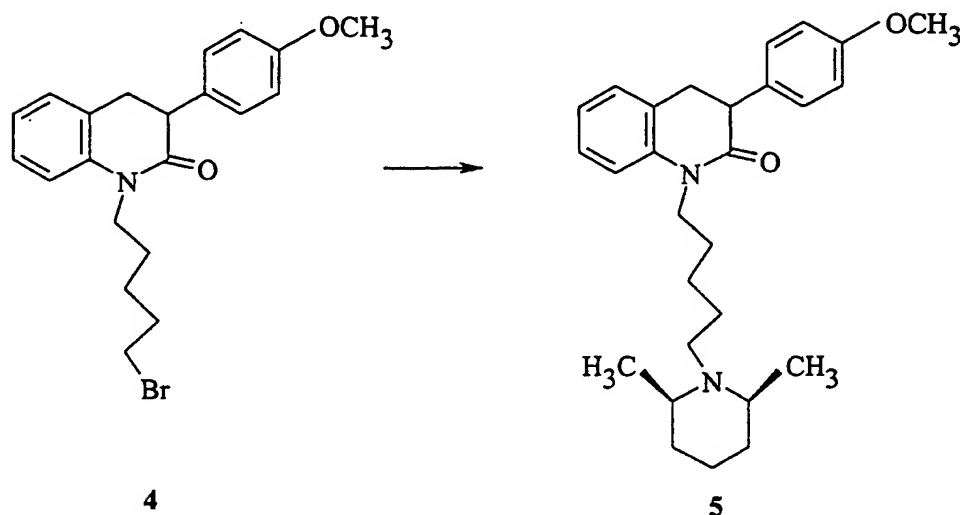


To the quinolinone (**3**) (2.02 g, 7.98 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added sodium hydride (0.35 g, 8.75 mmol), and the solution was stirred at 70°C for 15 minutes until bubbling stopped. To this solution was added 1,5-dibromopentane (4.37 mL, 31.9 mmol), and the solution was stirred at 70°C for additional 12 hours. The solution was cooled, diluted with water, and extracted with ethyl acetate (4 × 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2 × 100 mL), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified on a silica gel column eluted with 20% to 40% ethyl acetate in hexane. The product (**4**) was isolated 2.43 g (76%) as a yellow oil.

¹H NMR (DMSO, 300 M): δ 7.26-6.94 (6H, m), 6.80 (2H, d, J = 7.69 Hz), 3.91-3.78 (2H, m), 3.67 (3H, s), 3.50 (2H, m), 3.33 (1H, s), 3.12 (2H, d, J = 6.78 Hz), 1.81 (2H, m), 1.57 (2H, m), 1.41 (2H, m).

-65-

Step (d) Preparation of: 1-[5-(2,6-Dimethylpiperidino)pentyl]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinolinone



To (4) (0.32 g, 0.795 mmol) was added cis-2,6-dimethylpiperidine (6.2 mL, 46.0 mmol), and the solution was stirred at 70°C for 48 hours. The solution was cooled, diluted with water, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate (2 × 100 mL), washed with brine (2 × 100 mL), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Vydac 218TP1022 C18, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 95:5 (i):(ii) to 60:40 (i):(ii) over 90 minutes, flow rate 20 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nm) and was lyophilized to give 276 mg (78%) of product (5) as an oil.

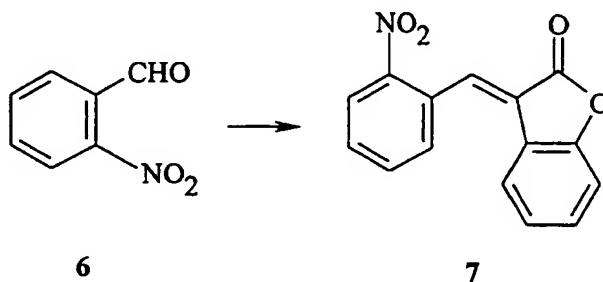
^1H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 7.28-6.98 (6H, m), 6.82 (2H, d, $J = 8.68$ Hz), 3.99-3.81 (4H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 3.24-3.15 (3H, m), 1.86-1.29 (14H, m), 1.24 (6H, m). CI MS $M+1 = 437$. HPLC: RT = 14.4 min. (Beckman 235328 C-18 5 μm 4.6 mm × 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nm).

-66-

EXAMPLE 2

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide

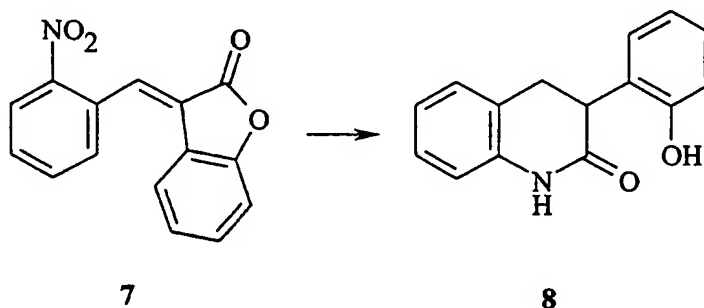
Step (a) Preparation of: 3-[(*E*)-(2-nitrophenyl)methylidene]-1-benzofuran-2-one



Ortho-hydroxyphenylacetic acid (1.835 g, 0.012 mmol) was added to a mixture of ortho-nitrobenzaldehyde (1.835 g, 0.012 mmol), acetic anhydride (10 mL) and triethylamine (1.7 mL, 0.012 mol), and then the mixture was heated at 140°C for 15 minutes. The mixture was allowed to cool to 80°C, at which point water (10 mL) was carefully added. The precipitated material was washed with methanol and dried to afford the required product (7) (0.905 g, 28%). A further amount of product (1.523 g) was recovered from the filtrate.

¹H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 8.36 (1H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 8.15 (1H, s), 8.0-7.8 (3H, m), 7.42 (1H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.31 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.04 (2H, m).
APCI MS 267.

Step (b) Preparation of: 3-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone



To 3-[(*E*)-(2-nitrophenyl)methylidene]-1-benzofuran-2-one (7) (2.18 g, 7.65 mmol) in methanol (70 mL) and THF (30 mL) was added Pd/C 20%

-67-

(0.050 g) and the mixture hydrogenated for 5 hours. Filtration and chromatography, eluant 30% EtOAc to 50% EtOAc in hexane, afforded the required product (8) (0.913 g, 49%).

¹H NMR (DMSO, 300 MHz): δ 9.52 (1H, s), 7.15 (2H, m), 7.05 (1H, m), 6.97 (1H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 6.83 (1H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 6.67 (1H, t, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 6.4 Hz), 3.19 (1H, dd, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 10.6 Hz), 2.99 (1H, dd, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 10.6 Hz).

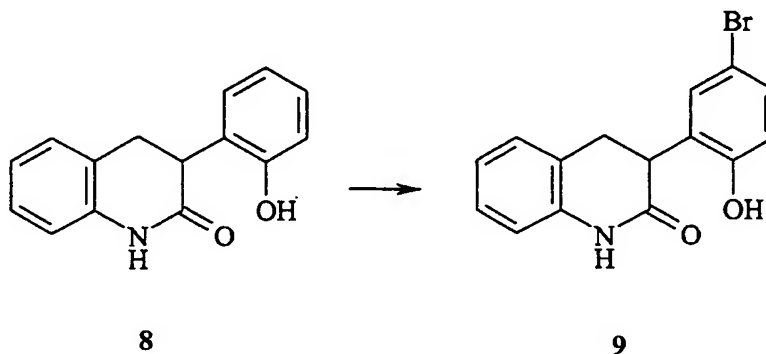
APCI MS 240.

Analysis C₁₅H₁₃N₁O₂:

Required: C, 75.30; H, 5.48; N, 5.85.

Found: C, 74.95; H, 5.51; N, 5.61.

Step (c) Preparation of: 3-(5-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinone



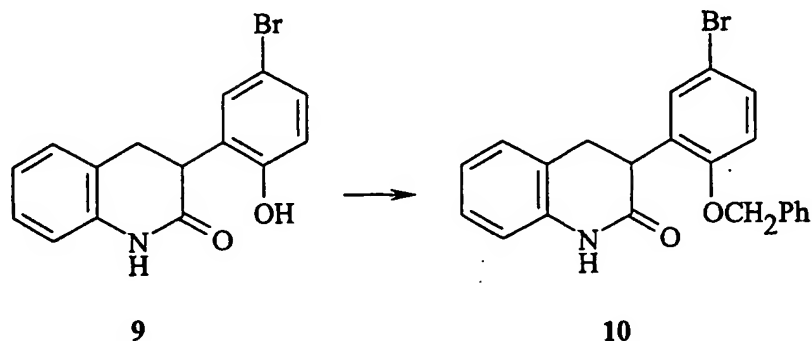
To 3-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinone (8) (0.650 g, 2.72 mmol) in carbon disulphide (10 mL) and methylene chloride (10 mL) was slowly added (10 minutes) a solution of bromine (0.17 mL, 3.30 mmol) in carbon disulphide (5 mL). After 2 hours a precipitate had fully formed which was collected and washed with ether (2 × 10 mL). This afforded the required product (9) (0.738 g, 85%).

¹H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 10.29 (1H, s), 7.21 (2H, m), 7.16 (2H, m), 6.91 (2H, m), 6.78 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 3.93 (1H, dd, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 6.4 Hz), 3.19 (1H, dd, $J = 15.4$ Hz, 12.1 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, $J = 15.4$ Hz, 6.3 Hz).

APCI MS 318/320.

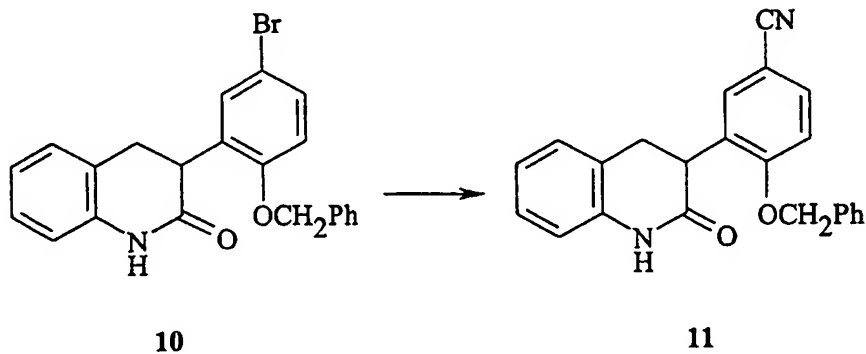
-68-

Step (d) Preparation of: 3-[2-(benzyloxy)-5-bromophenyl]-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone



- To 3-(5-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone (**9**) (3.16 g, 9.94 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was added cesium carbonate (5.2 g, 31 mmol) and then benzyl bromide (1.18 mL, 9.92 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours, diluted with ethylacetate (200 mL), washed with brine (100 mL), and then dried over MgSO₄. Chromatography, silica gel, eluant 20% EtOAc in hexane, affords the required product (**10**) (2.77 g, 68%).
- ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 8.40 (1H, brs), 7.30 (7H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.11 (1H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 6.98 (1H, t, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 6.84 (1H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 5.07 (2H, s), 4.09 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 6.6 Hz), 3.38 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 13.2 Hz), 2.99 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 6.6 Hz). APCI MS 408/410.

Step (e) Preparation of: 4-(benzyloxy)-3-(2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarbonitrile



To 3-[2-(benzyloxy)-5-bromophenyl]-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone (**10**) (2.77 g, 6.79 mmol) in DMF (8 mL) was added copper (I) cyanide (2.7 g,

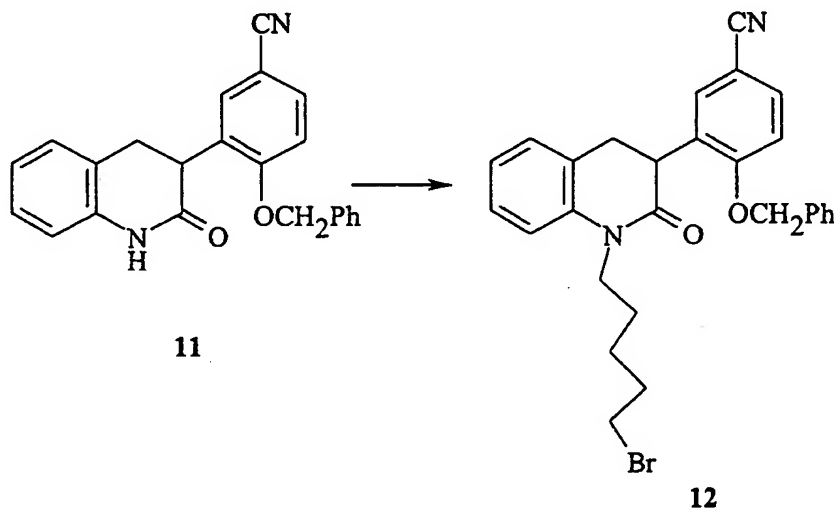
-69-

30 mmol), and then the mixture was heated at an oil bath temperature of 160°C for 16 hours. The mixture was cooled, diluted with ethylacetate (200 mL), and washed with aqueous NH_4OH (2×100 mL). After washing with brine (2×100 mL) and drying over MgSO_4 , the product was isolated by chromatography, silica gel eluant 30% ethylacetate to 50% ethylacetate in hexane, to afford (11) (1.077 g, 45%).

^1H NMR (DMSO, 300 MHz): δ 10.40 (1H, s), 7.77 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2.0 Hz), 7.69 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz), 7.40-7.1 (8H, m), 6.89 (2H, m), 5.22 (2H, m), 4.04 (1H, dd, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 6.6 Hz), 3.31 (1H, dd, $J = 15.7$ Hz, 13.2 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, $J = 15.7$ Hz, 6.6 Hz).

APCI MS 355.

Step (f) Preparation of: 4-(benzyloxy)-3-[1-(5-bromopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarbonitrile



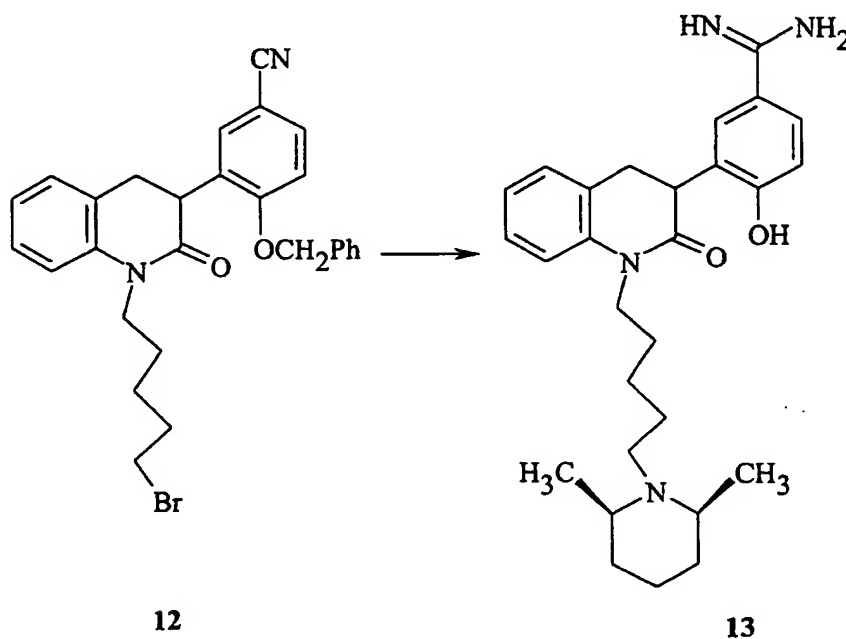
To 4-(benzyloxy)-3-(2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-benzenecarbonitrile (11) (0.270 g, 0.76 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was added sodium hydride (60% in oil) (0.035 g, 0.9 mmol) and 1,5-dibromopentane (0.5 mL, 3.67 mmol), and then the solution was stirred for 1 hour. The solution was diluted with 1N HCl (10 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2×100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2×100 mL), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified on

-70-

a silica gel column eluted with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane. The product (12) was isolated 0.230 g (60%) as an oil.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.57 (1H, dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 2.0 Hz), 7.42 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.40-7.2 (6H, m), 7.13 (1H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.02 (3H, m), 5.15 (2H, m), 4.04 (1H, dd, J = 12.9 Hz, 5.9 Hz), 3.98 (2H, m), 3.39 (2H, t, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.30 (1H, dd, J = 15.4 Hz, 12.9 Hz), 2.96 (1H, dd, J = 15.4 Hz, 5.9 Hz), 1.88 (2H, m), 1.75-1.45 (4H, m).
APCI MS 503/505.

Step (g) Preparation of: 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide



To (12) 4-(benzyloxy)-3-[1-(5-bromopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarbonitrile (0.23g, 0.457 mmol) was added *cis*-2,6-dimethylpiperidine (5 mL, 37.0 mmol), and the solution was stirred at 70°C for 48 hours. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo. HPLC: RT = 18.06 min.
(Beckman 235328 C18 5 μm 4.6 mm × 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic

-71-

acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nM).

This mixture was dissolved in ethanol (10 mL) and treated with hydroxyl amine•hydrochloride (0.70 g, 10 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.8 mL, 10 mmol). After stirring for 24 hours, the reaction mixture was evaporated and HPLC indicated the reaction was complete to afford 4-(benzyloxy)-3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-*N*-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide RT = 12.37 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μ m 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nM).

To this mixture was added trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (1 mL). After 2 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated and HPLC indicated the reaction was complete RT = 21.5 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μ m 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nM).

The residue was redissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (10 mL) and treated with Pd/C 20% (0.05 g) and hydrogenated for 16 hours. The mixture was filtered through celite, treated with water 1 mL, and then evaporated. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Vydac 218TP1022 C18, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 95:5 (i):(ii) to 60:40 (i):(ii) over 90 minutes, flow rate 20 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nM), converted to the HCl salt by ion exchange chromatography, and then lyophilized to give 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide dihydrochloride (0.123 g, 50%) of product (13) as a powder.

CI MS M+1 = 463.

-72-

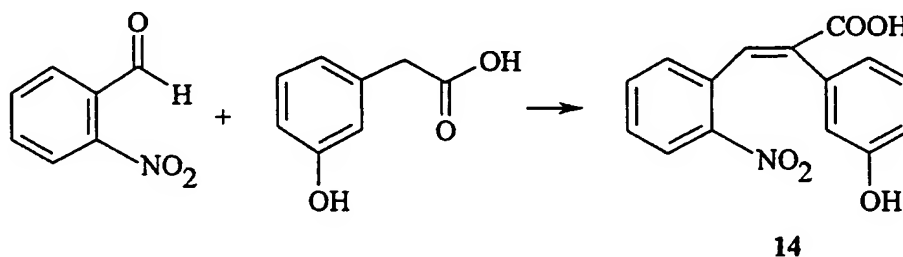
HPLC: RT = 10.1 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μ m 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, λ = 214 nm).

- 5 ^1H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 10.89 (1H, s), 10.2 (1H, brs), 9.09 (2H, s), 8.8 (1H, s), 7.62 (2H, m), 7.20 (3H, m), 7.0 (2H, m), 3.90 (3H, m), 3.40 (1H, m), 3.20 (2H, m), 3.00 (1H, m), 2.85 (2H, m), 1.80-1.2 (18H, m).
APCI MS 463.

EXAMPLE 3

- 10 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide

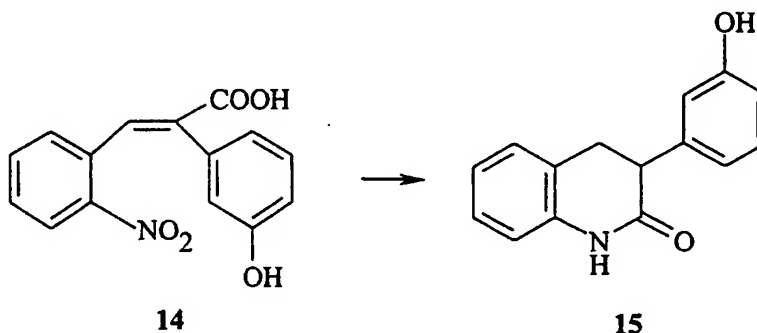
Step (a) Preparation of: (*E*)-2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(2-nitrophenyl)-2-propenoic acid



- 15 Into a mixture of o-nitrobenzaldehyde (19.22 g, 127 mmol) and 3-hydroxyphenylacetic acid (19.30 g, 127 mmol) in acetic anhydride (87 mL) was added triethylamine (17.5 mL, 126 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred and heated at reflux (150°C) for 45 minutes. The solution was diluted with water (200 mL), cooled, diluted 2N NaOH (200 mL), and washed with ether. The
20 aqueous solution was then acidified with 6N HCl to pH 3 and stirred for 3 hours. The solid was collected and dried under high vacuum at 45°C to give 23.15 g (64%) of the required product (14).

- ^1H NMR (DMSO, 300 MHz): δ 8.09 (1H, m), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.48 (2H, m), 7.00 (2H, m), 6.59 (1H, m), 6.48 (2H, m).
25 CI MS $M+1$ = 285.

-73-

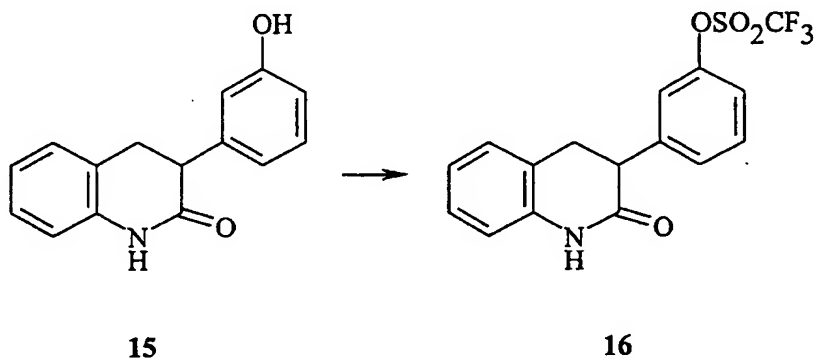
Step (b) Preparation of: 3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone

To (*E*)-2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(2-nitrophenyl)-2-propenoic acid (**14**) (26.29 g, 92.0 mmol) in methanol (600 mL) was added 20% palladium on carbon (1.5 g), and the mixture was hydrogenated at 45 PSI of H₂ at 30°C for 3.5 hours.

The mixture was filtered through celite and the filter pad washed with MeOH. The combined filtrate and washings were concentrated in vacuo. The product (**15**) was crystallized from methanol in water to give 17.95 g (82%) as a solid.

¹H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 10.30 (1H, s), 9.31 (1H, s), 7.14 (2H, m), 7.05 (1H, m), 6.90 (2H, m), 6.61 (3H, m), 3.70 (1H, m), 3.20-3.06 (2H, m).

Step (c) Preparation of: 3-(2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)phenyl trifluoromethanesulfonate



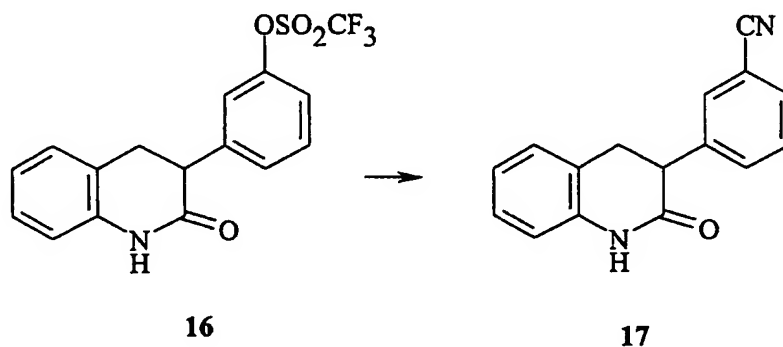
To 3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone (**15**) (3.01 g, 12.6 mmol) in THF (40 mL) was added sodium hydride (0.55 g, 13.8 mmol), and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 5 minutes. To this solution was added *N*-phenyltrifluoromethanesulfonimide (4.92 g, 13.8 mmol), and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The solution was cooled, diluted with water, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 200 mL). The combined organic

-74-

extracts were washed with brine (2×100 mL), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified on a silica gel column eluted with 20% to 40% ethyl acetate in hexane. The product (16) was isolated 4.29 g (92%) as a yellow solid.

5 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz): δ 8.06 (1H, s), 7.40-7.15 (6H, bm), 7.00 (1H, m), 6.76 (1H, m), 3.87 (1H, m), 3.22 (2H, m).
CI MS $M+1 = 372$.

Step (d) Preparation of: 3-(2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarbonitrile

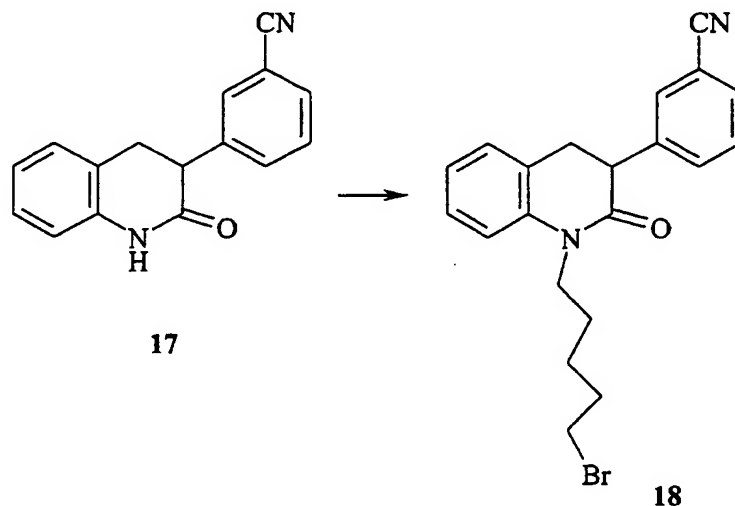


To 3-(2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)phenyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (16) (0.410 g, 1.11 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) were added zinc cyanide (0.078 g, 0.690 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (0.128 g, 0.11 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred and heated at 100°C for 1 hour. The solution was cooled, diluted with water (200 mL) and 2 M sulfuric acid (20 mL), and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2×100 mL), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The product (17) was crystallized from hexane and ethyl acetate to give (0.222 g, 81%) as a solid.

20 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ 8.23 (1H, s), 7.70-7.18 (6H, bm), 7.04 (1H, m), 6.81 (1H, m), 3.89 (1H, m), 3.24 (2H, m).
CI MS $M+1 = 249$.

-75-

Step (e) Preparation of: 3-[1-(5-bromopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarbonitrile



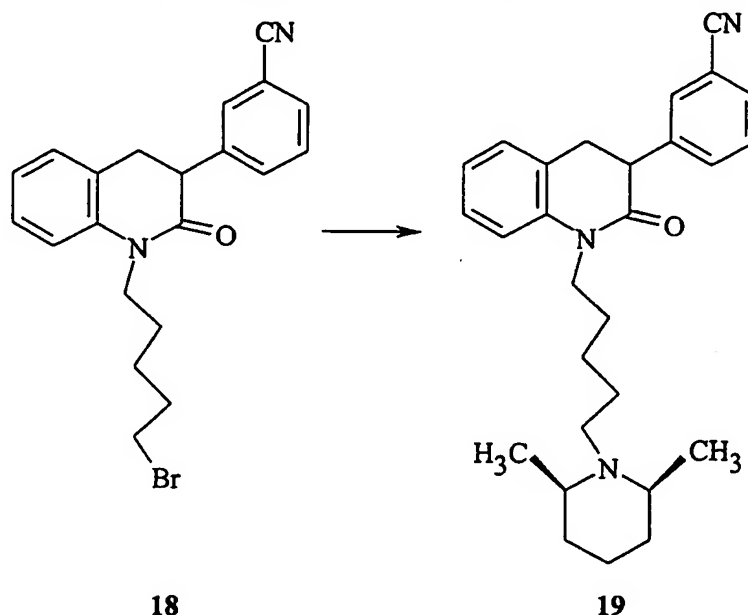
To 3-(2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarbonitrile (**17**) (2.76 g, 11.1 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) at 0°C were added 1,5-dibromopentane (10.22 g, 44.4 mmol) and sodium hydride (0.48 g, 12.0 mmol), and the solution was stirred at this temperature for 3 hours. The solution was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2 × 100 mL), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified on a silica gel column eluted with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane. The product (**18**) was isolated 1.59 g (36%) as a yellow oil.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.58-7.28 (5H, bm), 7.20 (1H, m), 7.05 (2H, m), 3.99 (2H, m), 3.85 (1H, m), 3.41 (2H, m), 3.19 (2H, m), 1.91 (2H, m), 1.70 (2H, m), 1.54 (2H, m).

CI MS M+1 = 397/399, M-1 = 395/396.

-76-

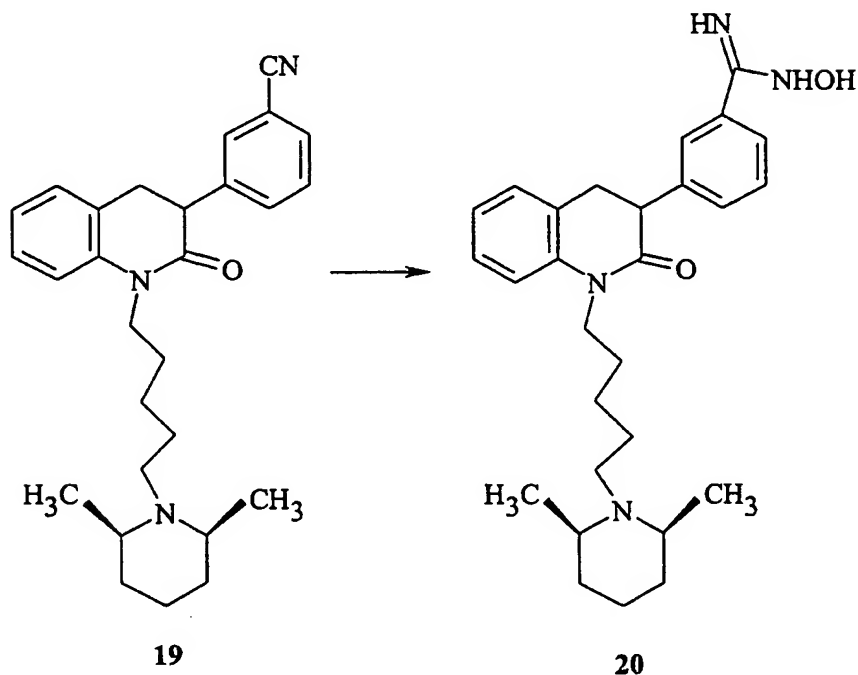
Step (f) Preparation of: 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1*H*-(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarbonitrile



To 3-[1-(5-bromopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]-
 5 benzenecarbonitrile (**18**) (1.59 g, 4.00 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was added *cis*-2,6-
 dimethylpiperidine (10 mL, 74 mmol). The solution was stirred at 70°C for
 24 hours. The solution was cooled, diluted with water, and extracted with ethyl
 acetate (3 × 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated
 sodium bicarbonate (2 × 100 mL), washed with brine (2 × 100 mL), dried with
 10 magnesium sulfate, filtered, evaporated in vacuo, coevaporated with toluene, and
 dried under high vacuum to give (**19**) in quantitative yield as a yellow oil.
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.50-6.96 (8H, bm), 3.91 (2H, m), 3.80 (1H, m),
 3.13 (2H, m), 2.67 (2H, bs), 2.36 (2H, bs), 1.66-1.15 (12H, bm), 1.01 (6H, m).
 HPLC: RT = 14.25 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μm 4.6 mm × 25 cm, eluted
 15 with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and
 (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to
 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, λ = 214 nm).

-77-

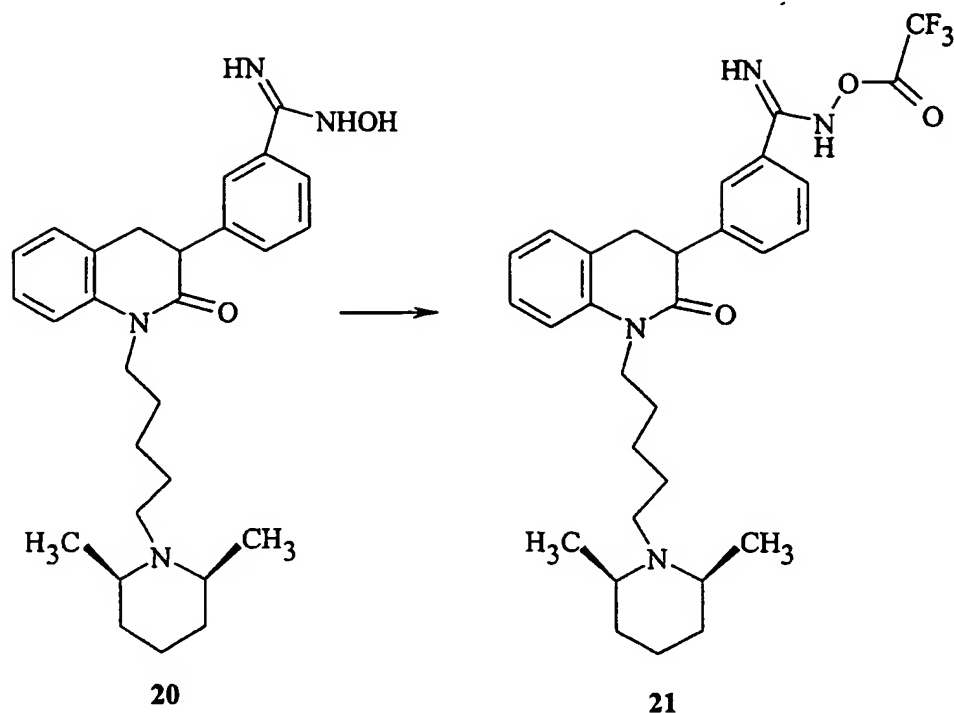
Step (g) Preparation of: 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-*N*-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide



- 5 To 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarbonitrile (19) (1.00 g, 2.33 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) were added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.40 g, 5.76 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.40 mL, 2.30 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo, and the oil
- 10 was dried under high vacuum to give (20) in quantitative yield.
- HPLC: RT = 9.22 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μ m 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, λ = 214 nm).

- 15 Step (h) Preparation of: 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-*N*-[(2,2,2-trifluoroacetyl)oxy]benzenecarboximidamide

-78-

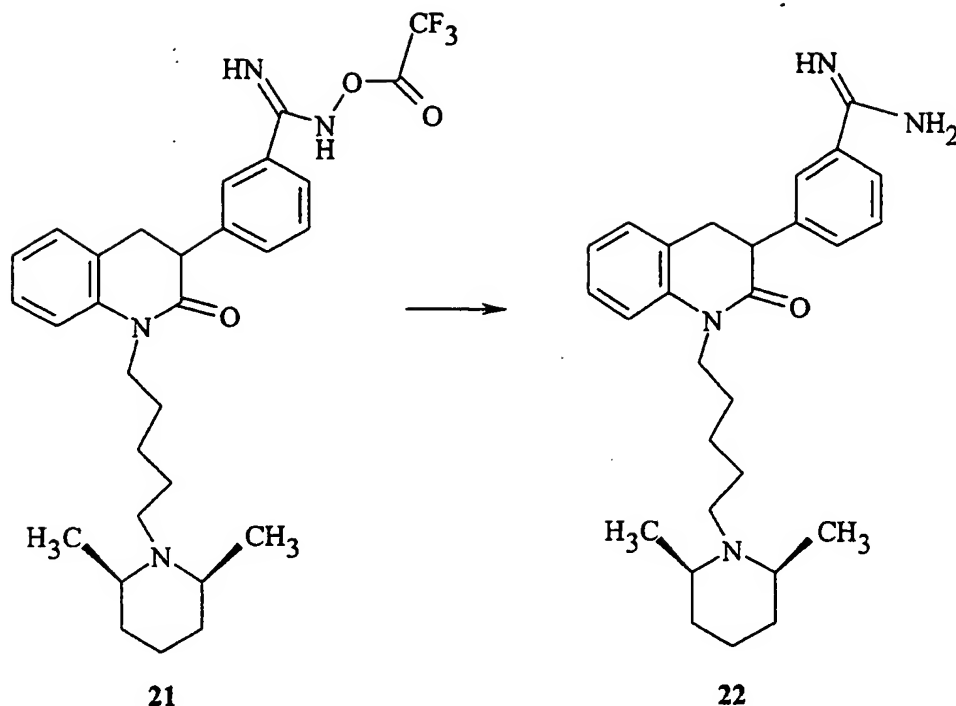


To 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-*N*-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide (**20**) (1.07 g, 23.1 mmol) was added trifluoroacetic anhydride (10 mL), and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo to give **(21)** as a yellow oil in quantitative yield.

HPLC: RT = 18.37 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μ m 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, λ = 214 nm).

Step (i) Preparation of: 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide

-79-



To 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-*N*-[(2,2,2-trifluoroacetyl)oxy]-benzenecarboximidamide (**21**) (1.27 g, 23.1 mmol) in trifluoroacetic acid (16 mL) was added 20% palladium on carbon (0.2 g), and the mixture was hydrogenated 33 PSI of H₂ at 23°C for 3 hours. The mixture was filtered, and the filter pad washed with trifluoroacetic acid. The combined filtrate and washings were evaporated in vacuo, and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Vydac 218TP54 C18, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 95:5 (i):(ii) to 60:40 (i):(ii) over 90 minutes, flow rate 20 mL/minute, λ = 214 nm) and lyophilized to give the TFA salt of (**22**) as an off-white solid. To the solid in acetonitrile (2 mL) and water (2 mL) was added Amberlite® IRA-400(Cl) ion exchange resin. The mixture was filtered through additional resin, and the filtrate was lyophilized to give 619 mg (52%) of (**22**) as an off-white solid.

-80-

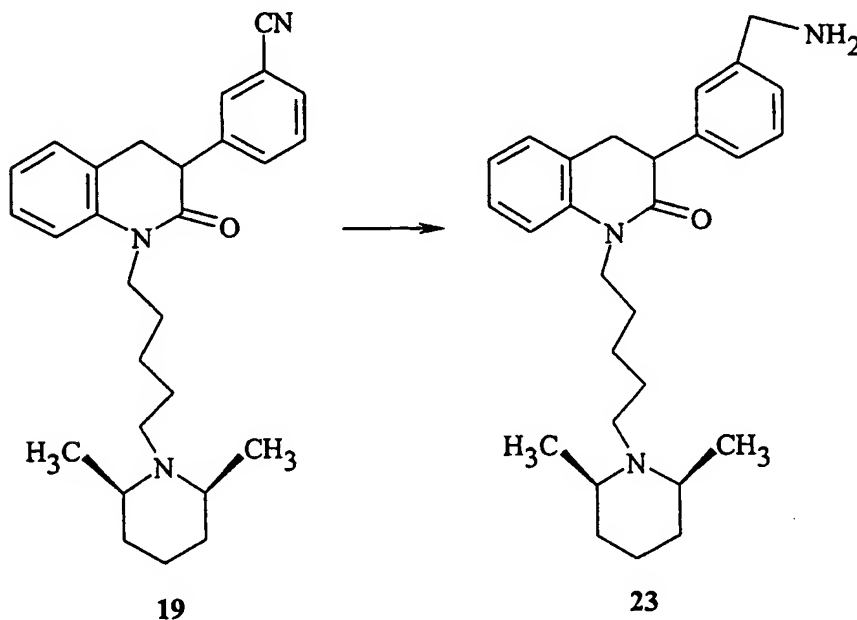
^1H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 9.35 (1H, s), 9.07 (2H, s), 7.66 (2H, m), 7.49 (2H, m), 7.21 (3H, m), 6.97 (1H, m), 3.95 (3H, m), 3.42 (4H, bs), 3.35-2.86 (6H, bm), 1.75-1.26 (8H, bm), 1.20 (6H, m).

CI MS $M+1 = 447$.

- 5 HPLC: RT = 9.65 min. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μm 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nm).

EXAMPLE 4

- 10 3-[3-(aminomethyl)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone



- 15 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarbonitrile (**19**) (0.71 g, 16.5 mmol) was hydrogenated over Raney nickel (0.5 g) in methanol (45 mL) and triethylamine (5 mL) for 4 hours at room temperature. The mixture was filtered and the filter pad washed with methanol. The combined filtrate and washings were evaporated in vacuo, and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Vydac 218TP54 C18, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in

-81-

water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 95:5 (i):(ii) to 60:40 (i):(ii) over 90 minutes, flow rate 20 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nm) and lyophilized to give the TFA salt of (23) as an off-white oily solid. To the oily solid in acetonitrile (2 mL) and water (2 mL) was added Amberlite® IRA-400(Cl) ion
5 exchange resin. The mixture was filtered through additional resin, and the filtrate was lyophilized to give 380 mg (45%) of (23) as an off-white solid.

^1H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz): δ 8.38 (2H, s), 7.35-7.10 (7H, m), 6.95 (1H, m), 3.92 (4H, m), 3.83 (1H, m), 3.36 (4H, s), 3.23-2.86 (6H, bm), 1.75-1.30 (8H, bm), 1.21 (6H, m).

10 CI MS $M+1 = 434$.

HPLC: RT = 9.56. (Beckman 235328 C18 5 μm 4.6 mm \times 25 cm, eluted with a mixture of solvents consisting of (i) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water, and (ii) 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile, gradient profile 80:20 (i):(ii) to 10:90 (i):(ii) over 23 minutes, flow rate 1.5 mL/minute, $\lambda = 214$ nm).

15 The invention compounds have demonstrated factor Xa inhibitory activity in the standard assays commonly employed by those skilled in the art.

Determination of Factor Xa IC_{50} and K_i Constants

The ability of compounds to act as inhibitors of human factor Xa catalytic activity is assessed by determination of that concentration of test substance that
20 inhibits by 50% (IC_{50}) the ability of human factor Xa to cleave the chromogenic substrate S2765 (N-CBz-D-Arg-L-Gly-L-Arg-p-nitroanilide. 2HCl, DiaPharma). Typically, 145 μL human factor Xa (1 nM final, Enzyme Research Laboratories) in 10 mM HEPES, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1% BSA, pH 7.4 (HBSA buffer) and 5 μL of test substance in DMSO (2% final) are incubated for 60 minutes at room
25 temperature. Following preheating to 37°C for 5 minutes, to this mixture is added 100 μL of S2765 in HBSA buffer. The velocity of S2765 hydrolysis is determined at 37°C by measuring the initial rate of change of the optical density at OD₄₀₅ nm every 10 seconds for 5 minutes using a ThermoMax® Kinetic Microplate Reader.

-82-

For K_i determinations the assay conditions were essentially the same as above except for the following. The concentration of factor Xa was 50 pM, and that of the substrate, in this case a fluorogenic S2765 (i.e., S2765 with AMC tag instead of pNA, California Peptide Research), was over the range of 10 to 500 μ M. The test compound and substrate in HBSA buffer were incubated as above, and the reaction was initiated with enzyme-buffer. The data (steady-state velocity at various concentrations of the substrate and the inhibitors) of the competitive inhibition was analyzed using the methods described by Segel (Enzyme Kinetics, Wiley Interscience Publications, 1993). A non-linear regression program, Kaleidograph and/or Microsoft Excel, was used to estimate the kinetic parameters (K_m , V_{max} and K_i) by use of Michaelis-Menten and reciprocal Dixon plot fits.

Determination of Thrombin IC_{50} and K_i Constants

The ability of compounds to act as inhibitors of human thrombin catalytic activity is assessed by determination of that concentration of test substance that inhibits by 50% (IC_{50}) the ability of human thrombin to cleave the chromogenic substrate Chromozym TH (Tosyl-Gly-Pro-Arg-pNA*Ac, Boehringer Mannheim). Typically, 145 μ L human thrombin (0.75 nM, Enzyme Research Laboratories) in a HPB buffer (10 mM HEPES, 100 mM NaCl, 0.05% BSA, 0.1% PEG-8000, pH 7.4) and 5 μ L of test substance in DMSO (2% final) are incubated for 60 minutes at room temperature. Following preheating to 37°C for 5 minutes, to this mixture is added 100 μ L of Chromozym TH in HPB buffer. The velocity of Chromozym TH hydrolysis is determined at 37°C by measuring the initial rate of change of the optical density at OD₄₀₅ nM every 10 seconds for 5 minutes using a ThermoMax® Kinetic Microplate Reader.

For K_i determinations the assay conditions were essentially the same as the aforementioned except for the following. The concentration of thrombin used was 50 pM, and that of a fluorogenic Chromozym TH (i.e., Chromozym TH with AMC instead of pNA tag, Novabiochem) was over the range of 1 to 40 μ M. The test compound and substrate in HPB buffer were incubated as above, and the

-83-

reaction was initiated with enzyme-buffer and run at 24°C. Kinetic analysis was performed as for factor Xa K_i determinations.

Determination of Trypsin IC_{50} and K_i Constants

5 The ability of compounds to act as inhibitors of human trypsin catalytic activity is assessed by determination of that concentration of test substance that inhibits by 50% (IC_{50}) the ability of human trypsin to cleave the chromogenic substrate S2222 (N-Bz-L-Ile-L-Glu-L-Gly-L-Arg-p-nitroanilide, HCl, DiaPharma). Typically, 145 μ L human trypsin (0.5 nM final) in 10 mM HEPES, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1% BSA, and 5 μ L of the test substance in DMSO (2% final) are 10 incubated for 60 minutes at room temperature. Following preheating to 37°C for 5 minutes, to this mixture is added 100 μ L of S2222 in HBSA buffer (100 μ M final), and the velocity of S2222 hydrolysis is determined at 37°C by measuring the optical density at OD_{405 nm} every 10 seconds over 5 minutes using a ThermoMax® Kinetic Microplate Reader.

15 For K_i determinations, the assay conditions were essentially the same as the aforementioned except that the reaction was initiated with enzyme-buffer and run at 24°C using a substrate range of 10 to 500 μ M. Kinetic analysis was performed as for factor Xa K_i determinations.

Determination of Tissue Factor/Factor VIIa IC_{50}

20 The ability of compounds to act as inhibitors of the catalytic activity of human tissue factor/factor VIIa complex is assessed by determination of that concentration of test substance that inhibits by 50% (IC_{50}) the ability of a complex of human recombinant tissue factor/factor VIIa to cleave the chromogenic substrate Spectrozyme VIIa (CH₃SO₂-D-CHA-Arg-pNA*AcOH, American 25 Diagnostica). Typically, 50 μ L human factor VIIa (Enzyme Research Laboratories) is incubated for 10 minutes as a 1:1 mixture (5 nM final each) with 95 μ L recombinant human tissue factor (American Diagnostica) in a modified HBSA buffer (10 mM Hepes, 5 mM CaCl₂, 0.1% BSA, pH 8.0). Then, 5 μ L of the test substance in DMSO (2% final) is added and incubated for 60 minutes at

-84-

room temperature. Following preheating to 37°C for 5 minutes, to this mixture is added 100 µL of Spectrozyme VIIa (500 µM final) in modified HBSA, and the velocity of Spectrozyme VIIa hydrolysis is determined at 37°C by measuring the optical density at an OD₄₀₅ nM every 10 seconds over 5 minutes using a

5 ThermoMax® Kinetic Microplate Reader.

In Vitro Assay for Human Prothrombinase

This assay demonstrates the ability of test compounds of the invention to inhibit the human prothrombinase (PTase) complex (typically comprising of human factor Va, human factor Xa, Ca²⁺, and phospholipid moiety) and thereby, the subsequent cleavage of prothrombin to yield thrombin. For determination of IC₅₀ (PTase) of the compounds of the invention, PTase activity was expressed by thrombin activity.

PTase reaction was performed in 100 µL of mixture containing PTase (20 µM) PCPS (Avanti Polar Lipids following a procedure modified from Barenholz et al., *Biochemistry*, 1977;16:2806-2810) in a 30:70 ratio, 2.5 nM human factor Va (Enzyme Research Laboratories) and 2.5 pM human factor Xa (Enzyme Research Laboratories) in modified HEPES buffer (10 mM Hepes, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1% PEG-8000, 0.05% BSA, 2.5 mM CaCl₂, pH 7.4), 3 µM human prothrombin (Enzyme Research Laboratories) and varied concentrations of the test compounds (1 nM to 100 µM in DMSO, 2% final). Reaction was started by co-incubating PTase with test compound for 60 minutes at room temperature, followed by addition of prothrombin for 6 minutes at room temperature. Next, the reaction was quenched by the addition of 100 µL of 20 mM EDTA. Activity of the thrombin (product) is then measured in the presence of 50 µL S2238 (250 µM final, H-D-Phe-Pip-Arg-pNA*Ac, DiaPharma) as substrate by measuring the change at 37°C in OD₄₀₅ nM for 5 minutes at 10-second intervals using a ThermoMax® Kinetic Microplate Reader.

-85-

Determination of Prothrombin Time (PT)

Rat, rabbit, dog and human blood (typically 1.8 mL) was collected and added to a sodium citrate solution (3.8%) to afford a 1:10 dilution. After centrifugation (2000 g for 10 minutes), the blood plasma was stored at -70°C to 0°C. Conventional prothrombin time tests were carried out in the presence of various concentrations of test compound and the concentration of test compound required to double the clotting time determined. Typically, the test compound (50 µL volume of varying concentrations 0.1 µM to 1000 µM) and blood plasma (100 µL volume) were incubated at 37°C for 10 minutes and then tissue thromboplastin, typically Neoplastine from American Bioproducts with calcium, was added. Fibrin formation and the time required for a clot to form were determined using an automated ST4 Clot Detection System in duplicate.

In an ex-vivo modification of this assay, drug was administered intravenously or orally to a group of rats or rabbits. At various times blood samples were collected, and the PT coagulation assay as described above were performed.

Arterio-Venous Shunt Stasis Antithrombotic Model

In vivo measurements of antithrombotic activity were performed according to the procedure of Vogel et al., *Thromb. Res.*, 1989;54:399-410. Briefly, the vena cava was exposed, collateral veins were ligated, and sutures were loosely located around the inferior vena cava. These sutures were tightened after drug administration to induce stasis within the ligated portion of the vena cava. After an appropriate time, the thrombus was isolated and weighed. The effect of varying drug concentrations administered intravenously or orally on thrombus mass reflected antithrombotic activity.

Alternatively, and according to the procedure of Smith et al., *Br. J. Pharmacol.*, 1982;77:29-38, the left jugular and right carotid artery were exposed and cannulated. A shunt, which contains silk threads or preweighed cotton, is then inserted which connects the two cannulated vessels. Once drug has been administered, the shunt is closed, and the thrombus that forms on the foreign

-86-

surface in the shunt is removed after a period of time. Clot weight then reflects antithrombotic activity.

Arterial Thrombosis Model

FeCl₃ Induced Carotid Arterial Injury Model

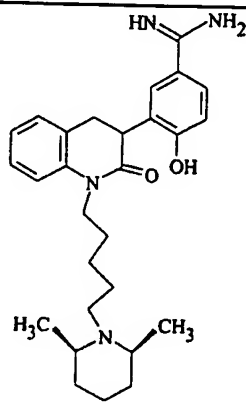
5 The FeCl₃ induced injury to the carotid artery in rats was induced according to the method described by Kurz K.D., Main R.W., Sandusky G.E., *Thrombosis Research*, 1990;60:269-280 and Schumacher W.A. et al., *J. Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics*, 1993;267:1237-1242.

10 Male, Sprague-Dawley rats (375-410 g) were anesthetized with urethane (1500 mg/kg·ip). Animals were laid on a 37°C heating pad. The carotid artery was exposed through a midline cervical incision. Careful blunt dissection was used to isolate the vessel from the carotid sheath. Using forceps, the artery was lifted to provide sufficient clearance to insert two small pieces of polyethylene tubing (PE-205) underneath it. A temperature probe (Physitemp MT23/3) was placed
15 between one of the pieces of tubing and the artery. Injury was induced by topical application on the carotid artery above the temperature probe of a small disc (3 mm diameter) of Whatman No. 1 filter paper previously dipped in a 35% solution of FeCl₃. The incision area was covered with aluminum foil in order to protect the FeCl₃ from degradation by light. The vessel temperature was monitored for 60
20 minutes after application of FeCl₃ as an indication of blood flow. Vessel temperature changes were recorded on a thermister (Cole-Palmer Model 08533-41).

 The time between the FeCl₃ application and the time at which the vessel temperature decreased abruptly (>2.4°C) was recorded as the time to occlusion of
25 the vessel. The fold shift in mean occlusion time (MOT), therefore, refers to the time to occlusion in drug-treated animal divided by control time to occlusion. Inhibitor compounds were given as an intravenous bolus (0.75 mg/kg) followed immediately by an intravenous infusion (50 µg/kg/min via femoral vein).

 Typically, the compounds of the invention show 50% inhibition of factor
30 Xa proteolytic activity on a synthetic substrate in concentrations ranging from 50 µM to 1 nM.

-87-

Structure	Name	Thrombin IC ₅₀ μ M	Trypsin IC ₅₀ μ M	Xa IC ₅₀ μ M
	3-(1-5-[(2 <i>R</i> ,6 <i>S</i>)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2 <i>H</i>)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-4-hydroxybenzene carboximidamide (Example 2)	1.14	0.562	0.02

The foregoing biological test has been used to establish the compounds of this invention are useful for preventing and treating thrombotic disorders, for example, venous thrombosis, deep vein thrombosis, thrombophlebitis, arterial embolism, coronary and cerebral arterial thrombosis, cerebral embolism, kidney embolism, pulmonary embolism, first or recurrent myocardial infarction, unstable angina, and cerebral infarction, stroke, and atherosclerosis.

The compounds of the present invention can be administered alone or in combination with one or more therapeutic agents. These include, for example, other anticoagulant, antiplatelet, or platelet inhibitory agents which include non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents such as aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen sodium, indomethacin, piroxicam and ticlopidine, thrombin inhibitors such as argatroban, efegatran, inogatran, factor VIIa inhibitors, thrombolytic or fibrinolytic agents such as tissue plasminogen activator, urokinase or streptokinase, and GP IIIb-IIa antagonists.

The compounds are thus well-suited to formulation for convenient administration to mammals for the prevention and treatment of such disorders. The following examples further illustrate typical formulations provided by the invention.

-88-

Formulation 1

Ingredient	Amount
Compound of Formulas I-IV	200 mg
Sodium benzoate	5 mg
Isotonic saline	1000 mL

The above ingredients are mixed and dissolved in the saline for IV administration to a human suffering from, for example, arterial thrombosis.

Formulation 2

Ingredient	Amount
Compound of Formulas I-IV	100 mg
Cellulose, microcrystalline	400 mg
Stearic acid	5 mg
Silicon dioxide	10 mg
Sugar, confectionery	50 mg

- 5 The ingredients are blended to uniformity and pressed into a tablet that is well-suited for oral administration to a human for preventing, for example, cerebral infarction.

Formulation 3

Ingredient	Amount
Compound of Formulas I-IV	200 mg
Starch, dried	250 mg
Magnesium stearate	10 mg

- 10 The ingredients are combined and milled to afford material suitable for filling hard gelatin capsules administered to humans suffering from, for example, venous thrombosis.

-89-

Formulation 4

	Amount % wt/wt
Compound of Formulas I-IV	1
Polyethylene glycol 1000	74.5
Polyethylene glycol 4000	24.5

The ingredients are combined via melting and then poured into molds containing 2.5 g total weight.

Formulation 5

Ingredient	Amount % wt/wt
Compound of Formulas I-IV	0.1%
Propellant 11/12	98.9%
Oleic acid	1%

5

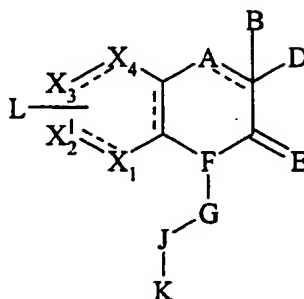
The ingredients are dispersed in oleic acid with the propellant. The mixture is added to an aerosol container fitted with a metering device.

-90-

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A compound according to Formula I



I

- 5 or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof, wherein:
- A is selected from CH₂, CH, C(alkyl);
- B is selected from H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heteroalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycloalkyl, each optionally substituted with R₁ and R₂;
- 10 D is selected from H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heteroalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycloalkyl, each optionally substituted with R₁ and R₂;
- E is absent or selected from O, S, NH;
- 15 F is selected from N, NCH₂, CH₂N;
- G is absent or selected from alkyl, alkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms;
- J is absent or selected from aryl or heterocycle each optionally substituted with R₁ and R₂;
- 20 K is absent or selected from an alkyl, alkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, cycloalkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, cycloalkylalkyl interrupted by one or more heteroatoms, each optionally substituted with R₁ and R₂;

-91-

L is selected from H, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, OH, O(alkyl), amine, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, amide, NO₂, SH, S(O)_n(alkyl), SO₃H, SO₃alkyl, aldehyde, ketone, acid, ester, urea, Oalkylamide, Oalkylester, Oalkylacid, Nalkylacid, alkylamine, alkylamide, alkylketone, alkylacid, alkylester, alkylurea, Nalkylamide, Nalkylester, NC(=O)alkyl, NC(=O)aryl, NC(=O)cycloalkyl, NC(=O)cycloalkylalkyl, NC(=O)alkylaryl, R₁, R₂, nitrile;

R₁ is selected from H, amine, alkylamine, amide, C(=NH)NHNH₂, alkylC(=NH)NHNH₂, C(=NH)NHOH, alkylC(=NH)NHOH, NHC(=NH)NH₂, alkylNHC(=NH)NH₂, C(=S)NH₂, alkylC(=S)NH₂, C(=NH)alkyl, alkylC(=NH)alkyl, C(=NR₃)N(R₄)(R₅), alkylC(=NR₃)N(R₄)(R₅);

R₂ is selected from H, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, OH, Oalkyl, amine, alkylaldehyde, alkylamide, alkylester, alkylketone, alkylacid, Oalkylamide, Oalkylacid, Oalkylester, aminealkylacid, aminealkylamide, aminealkylester, NC(=O)alkyl, NC(=O)aryl, NC(=O)cycloalkyl, NC(=O)alkylaryl, alkylamine, amide, aldehyde, ester, ketone, NO₂, SH, S(O)_n(C₁₋₁₀alkyl), SO₃H, SO₃alkyl, CHO, acid, alkyl, C(=NH)alkyl, C(=NH)NHNH₂, alkylC(=NH)NHNH₂, C(=NH)NHOH, alkylC(=NH)NHOH, NHC(=NH)NH₂, alkylNHC(=NH)NH₂, C(=S)NH₂, alkylC(=S)NH₂, alkylC(=NH)alkyl, C(=NR₃)N(R₄)(R₅), alkylC(=NR₃)N(R₄)(R₅);

R₃, R₄, and R₅ are a hydrogen atom, alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms optionally interrupted by a heteroatom, or R₄ and R₅ are bonded to form -(CH₂)_p-W-(CH₂)_q-, wherein p and q are an integer of 2 or 3, a certain position on the methylene chain is unsubstituted or substituted by an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, W is a direct bond, -CH₂-, -O-, -N(R₆)-, or -S(O)_r- wherein R₆ is H or alkyl, and r is 0 or 1 or 2;

-92-

n is selected from 0, 1, 2;

X₁ is C or N;

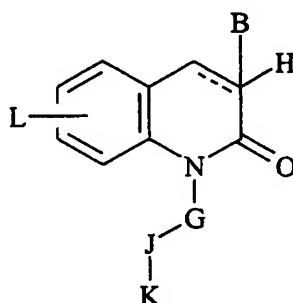
X₂ is C or N;

X₃ is C or N;

5 X₄ is C or N; and

--- represents an optional additional bond.

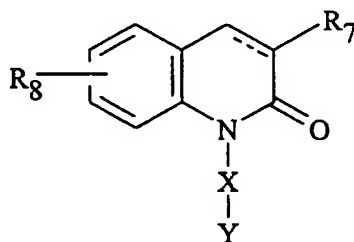
2. A compound according to Claim 1 according to Formula II



II

10 or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof, wherein B, G, J, K, L, and --- are as defined above.

3. A compound according to Formula III



III

15 or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or prodrugs thereof, wherein X, Y, R₇, R₈, and --- are as follows:

X is selected from (CH₂)₅,

(CH₂)₄,

(CH₂)₆,

CH₂C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂,

-93-

- CH₂CH₂NHC(=O)CH₂,
(CH₂)₂NH(CH₂)₂,
(CH₂)₂O(CH₂)₂,
C₆H₄,
5 CH₂C₆H₄,
C₆H₄CH₂,
C₆H₁₀,
CH₂C₆H₁₀,
C₆H₁₀CH₂,
10 C₅H₈,
CH₂C₅H₈,
C₅H₈CH₂, and
CH₂CH=CHCH₂CH₂;
Y is selected from 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyl,
15 piperidinyl,
2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidinyl-4-one,
(2-carboxy)piperidinyl,
(3-carboxy)piperidinyl,
(4-carboxy)piperidinyl,
20 3,5-dimethylpiperidinyl,
(4-hydroxy)piperidinyl,
(2-imino)piperidinyl,
piperidin-4-one-yl,
(2-dimethylaminomethyl)-piperidinyl,
25 (4-dimethylamino)-piperidinyl,
(4-sulphonyloxy)-piperidinyl,
(2-phenyl)piperidinyl,
2,5-dimethylpyrrolidinyl,
pyrrolidinyl,
30 (2-carboxy)pyrrolidinyl,
(3-N-acetyl-N-methyl)pyrrolidinyl,

-94-

- (3-amino)pyrrolidinyl,
(2,5-bis-methoxymethyl)-pyrrolidinyl,
2-hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidinyl,
2-hydroxymethyl-5-methyl-pyrrolidinyl,
5 diisopropylamino,
diethylamino,
methylamino,
1-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
2,5-dimethyl-1H-1-imidazolyl,
10 morpholinyl,
2,6-dimethylmorpholinyl,
piperazinyl,
2,6-dimethylpiperazinyl,
1H-pyrazolyl,
15 tetrahydro-1H-pyrazolyl,
2,5-dimethyltetrahydro-1H-1-pyrazolyl, and
1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-phenyl-1-quinolinyl;
R₇ is selected from (3-amidino)phenyl,
phenyl,
20 4-methoxyphenyl,
4-(amidino)phenyl,
3-(aminocarbonyl)phenyl,
3-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl,
(3-hydroxy)phenyl,
25 [3-hydroxylamino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
[3-hydrazino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
(3-aminomethyl)phenyl,
(3-amino)phenyl,
(3-methylamino)phenyl,
30 (3-dimethylamino)phenyl,
(5-amidino-2-hydroxy)phenyl,
(1-amidino)piperid-3-yl,

-95-

- 5 (1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-yl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-yl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-yl,
(5-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-2-yl,
(2-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-5-yl,
1H-pyrazol-5-yl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
(1-amidino)tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
10 (2-amidino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(2-amino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(5-amidino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
(5-amino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
pyridin-3-yl,
(4-amino)pyridin-3-yl,
15 (4-dimethylamino)pyridin-3-yl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-yl,
(2-amino)pyridin-4-yl,
(2-amidino)pyridin-4-yl,
20 (2-amidino)pyrimid-4-yl,
(2-amino)pyrimidin-4-yl,
(4-amidino)pyrimid-2-yl,
(4-amino)pyrimidin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-yl,
25 (6-amino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(4-amidino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
(4-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
(3-amidino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
30 (3-amidino)benzyl,
(3-amino)benzyl,
(3-aminomethyl)benzyl,
(1-amidino)piperid-3-ylmethyl,

-96-

(1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)oxazol-2-ylmethyl,
5 (2-amidino)imidazol-5-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)imidazol-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
(2-amidino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
10 (2-amino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
(4-amidino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(4-amino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
15 3-aminocyclohexyl,
3-amidinocyclohexyl,
3-aminocyclohexylmethyl,
3-amidinocyclohexylmethyl,
3-aminocyclopentyl,
20 3-amidinocyclopentyl,
3-aminocyclopentylmethyl, and
3-amidinocyclopentylmethyl; and

R_g is selected from H,

Cl,
25 F,
SH,
SMe,
CF₃,
CH₃,
30 CO₂H,
CO₂Me,
CN,

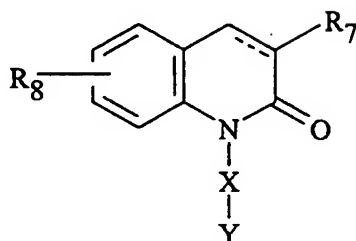
-97-

- 5 C(=NH)NH₂,
C(=NH)NHOH,
C(=NH)NHNH₂,
C(=O)NH₂,
CH₂OH,
CH₂NH₂,
NO₂,
OH,
OMe,
10 OCH₂Ph,
OCH₂CO₂H,
O(CH₂)₂CO₂H,
O(CH₂)₃CO₂H,
NHCH₂CO₂H,
15 NH(CH₂)₂CO₂H,
NH(CH₂)₃CO₂H,
OCH₂CH₂OH,
OCH₂(1H-tetrazol-5-yl),
NH₂,
20 NHButyl,
NMe₂,
NHPh,
NHCH₂Ph,
NHC(=O)Me,
25 NHC(=O)c-Hexyl,
NHC(=O)CH₂c-Hexyl,
NHC(=O)Ph,
NHC(=O)CH₂Ph,
NHS(=O)₂Me,

-98-

NHS(=O)₂c-Hexyl,NHS(=O)₂CH₂c-Hexyl,NHS(=O)₂Ph, andNHS(=O)₂CH₂Ph.

- 5 4. A compound according to Formula IV



IV

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, or
prodrugs thereof, wherein X, Y, R₇, R₈, and --- are as follows:

X is selected from (CH₂)₅,

- 10 (CH₂)₄,
 (CH₂)₆,
 CH₂C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂,
 CH₂CH₂NHC(=O)CH₂,
 (CH₂)₂NH(CH₂)₂,
 15 (CH₂)₂O(CH₂)₂,
 C₆H₄,
 CH₂C₆H₄,
 C₆H₄CH₂,
 C₆H₁₀,
 20 CH₂C₆H₁₀,
 C₆H₁₀CH₂,
 C₅H₈,
 CH₂C₅H₈,

-99-

 $C_5H_8CH_2$, and $CH_2CH=CHCH_2CH_2$;

Y is selected from 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyl,

piperidinyl,

5 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidinyl-4-one,

(2-carboxy)piperidinyl,

(3-carboxy)piperidinyl,

(4-carboxy)piperidinyl,

3,5-dimethylpiperidinyl,

10 (4-hydroxy)piperidinyl,

(2-imino)piperidinyl,

piperidin-4-one-yl,

(2-dimethylaminomethyl)-piperidinyl,

(4-dimethylamino)-piperidinyl,

15 (4-sulphonyloxy)-piperidinyl,

(2-phenyl)piperidinyl,

2,5-dimethylpyrrolidinyl,

pyrrolidinyl,

(2-carboxy)pyrrolidinyl,

20 (3-N-acetyl-N-methyl)pyrrolidinyl,

(3-amino)pyrrolidinyl,

(2,5-bis-methoxymethyl)-pyrrolidinyl,

2-hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidinyl,

2-hydroxymethyl-5-methyl-pyrrolidinyl,

25 diisopropylamino,

diethylamino,

methylamino,

1-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl,

2,5-dimethyl-1H-1-imidazolyl,

30 morpholinyl,

2,6-dimethylmorpholinyl,

piperazinyl,

-100-

2,6-dimethylpiperazinyl,
1H-pyrazolyl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazolyl, and
2,5-dimethyltetrahydro-1H-1-pyrazolyl;

- 5 R₇ is selected from (3-amidino)phenyl,
(3-hydroxy)phenyl,
[3-hydroxylamino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
[3-hydrazino(imino)methyl]-phenyl,
(3-aminomethyl)phenyl,
10 (3-amino)phenyl,
(3-methylamino)phenyl,
(3-dimethylamino)phenyl,
(5-amidino-2-hydroxy)phenyl,
(1-amidino)piperid-3-yl,
15 (1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-yl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-yl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-yl,
(5-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-2-yl,
(2-amidino)-1,3-oxazol-5-yl,
20 1H-pyrazol-5-yl,
tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
(1-amidino)tetrahydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl,
(2-amidino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
(2-amino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl,
25 (5-amidino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
(5-amino)-1H-imidazol-2-yl,
pyridin-3-yl,
(4-amino)pyridin-3-yl,
(4-dimethylamino)pyridin-3-yl,
30 (6-amino)pyridin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-yl,
(2-amino)pyridin-4-yl,

-101-

- (2-amidino)pyridin-4-yl,
(2-amidino)pyrimid-4-yl,
(2-amino)pyrimidin-4-yl,
(4-amidino)pyrimid-2-yl,
5 (4-amino)pyrimidin-2-yl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(6-amino)pyrazin-2-yl,
(4-amidino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
(4-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl,
10 (3-amidino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amino)-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl,
(3-amidino)benzyl,
(3-amino)benzyl,
(3-aminomethyl)benzyl,
15 (1-amidino)piperid-3-ylmethyl,
(1-amidino)pyrrolid-3-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)thien-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)furan-2-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)oxazol-2-ylmethyl,
20 (2-amidino)imidazol-5-ylmethyl,
(5-amidino)imidazol-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyridin-2-ylmethyl,
(2-amidino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
25 (2-amino)pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl,
(4-amidino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(4-amino)pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amidino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
(6-amino)pyrazin-2-ylmethyl,
30 3-aminocyclohexyl,
3-amidinocyclohexyl,
3-aminocyclohexylmethyl,
3-amidinocyclohexylmethyl,

-102-

3-aminocyclopentyl,
3-amidinocyclopentyl,
3-aminocyclopentylmethyl, and
3-amidinocyclopentylmethyl; and

5 R_g is selected from H,

Cl,

F,

SH,

SMe,

10 CF₃,

CH₃,

CO₂H,

CO₂Me,

CN,

15 C(=NH)NH₂,

C(=NH)NHOH,

C(=NH)NHNH₂,

C(=O)NH₂,

CH₂OH,

20 CH₂NH₂,

NO₂,

OH,

OMe,

OCH₂Ph,

25 OCH₂CO₂H,

O(CH₂)₂CO₂H,

O(CH₂)₃CO₂H,

NHCH₂CO₂H,

NH(CH₂)₂CO₂H,

30 NH(CH₂)₃CO₂H,

-103-

OCH₂CH₂OH,
 OCH₂(1H-tetrazol-5-yl),
 NH₂,
 NHButyl,
 5 NMe₂,
 NHPH,
 NHCH₂Ph,
 NHC(=O)Me,
 NHC(=O)c-Hexyl,
 10 NHC(=O)CH₂c-Hexyl,
 NHC(=O)Ph,
 NHC(=O)CH₂Ph,
 NHS(=O)₂Me,
 NHS(=O)₂c-Hexyl,
 15 NHS(=O)₂CH₂c-Hexyl,
 NHS(=O)₂Ph, and
 NHS(=O)₂CH₂Ph.

5. A compound according to Claim 4 where X is (CH₂)₅.
6. A compound according to Claim 4 where Y is 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyI.
- 20 7. A compound according to Claim 4 where R₇ is 2-hydroxy, 5-amidino phenol.
8. A compound according to Claim 4 wherein R₈ is H.
9. A compound according to Claim 4 where X is (CH₂)₅, Y is 2,6-dimethylpiperidinyI and R₈ is H.

-104-

10. A compound according to Claim 4 where X is (CH₂)₅, Y is 2,5-dimethylpyrrolidinyl and R₈ is H.

11. A compound which is:

- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;
- 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-N-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidohydrazide;
- 3-[3-(Aminomethyl)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(3-Aminophenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-[3-(methylamino)phenyl]-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-[3-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;
- 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;
- 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;
- 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-furancarboximidamide;
- 2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;

-105-

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3-oxazole-2-carboximidamide;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

5 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1-pyrazolidinecarboximidamide;

10 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;

3-(2-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;

15 3-(5-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-pyridinyl)-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

20 3-(6-Amino-3-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[6-(Dimethylamino)-3-pyridinyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

3-(2-Amino-4-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

30 4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

-106-

3-(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

5 3-(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;

10 3-(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2-carboximidamide;

3-(4-Amino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

15 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3-carboximidamide;

3-(3-Amino-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

20 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(3-Aminobenzyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[3-(Aminomethyl)benzyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;

3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;

30 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;

5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-furancarboximidamide;

-107-

2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;

5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;

5 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;

6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

3-[(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

3-[(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

15 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

3-[(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

20 6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;

3-[(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(3-Aminocyclohexyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclohexanecarboximidamide;

3-[(3-Aminocyclohexyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

30 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclohexanecarboximidamide;

3-(3-Aminocyclopentyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-108-

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)cyclopentanecarboximidamide;

3-[(3-Aminocyclopentyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

5 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)methyl]cyclopentanecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]butyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-(1-6-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]hexyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

2-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]-N-2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethylacetamide;

3-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]-N-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylpropanamide;

15 3-1-[2-(2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethylamino)ethyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(2-2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethoxyethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]benzyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylphenyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclohexyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclohexylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

-109-

3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-
pyridinyl]methylcyclohexyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-
pyridinyl]cyclopentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-
pyridinyl]cyclopentylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-
pyridinyl]methylcyclopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-(*E*)-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]-2-
pentenyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-piperidinopentyl)-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-
3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-
quinolinyl]pentyl-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-
quinolinyl]pentyl-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-
quinolinyl]pentyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylpiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(4-Hydroxypiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2-Iminopiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(4-oxopiperidino)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-
quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

-110-

3-[1-(5-2-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]piperidinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[4-(Dimethylamino)piperidino]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

5 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyl-4-piperidinesulfonic acid;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2-phenylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyl-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid;

15 N-(1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyltetrahydro-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide;

3-1-[5-(3-Amino-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(1-5-[2,5-bis(Methoxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-5-methyl-1-pyrrolidiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-1-[5-(Diisopropylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(Diethylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-1-[5-(Methylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

- 111 -

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(5-Morpholinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylmorpholino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[2-oxo-1-(5-Piperazinopentyl)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-1-[5-(2,6-Dimethylpiperazino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Chloro-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-7-fluoro-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-2-oxo-7-sulfanyl-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-7-(methylsulfanyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-7-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

-112-

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboxylic acid;

5 Methyl 3-3-[amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboxylate;

3-(7-Cyano-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

15 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-hydrazino(imino)methyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinecarboxamide;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(hydroxymethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(7-(Aminomethyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-nitro-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-methoxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-113-

3-(7-(Benzyloxy)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]acetic acid;

3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]propanoic acid;

10 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]butanoic acid;

2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]amino]acetic acid;

3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]amino]propanoic acid;

20 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]amino]butanoic acid;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(1*H*-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-ylmethoxy)-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(7-(Butylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

-114-

3-(7-(Dimethylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-(7-Anilino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Benzylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

10 *N*-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)acetamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)cyclohexanecarboxamide;

15 *N*-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-cyclohexylacetamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)benzenecarboxamide;

20 *N*-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-phenylacetamide;

25 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinybenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-[(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(7-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

-115-

3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-(7-[(Benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

10 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-*N*-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidohydrazide;

15 3-[3-(Aminomethyl)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(3-Aminophenyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

20 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-[3-(methylamino)phenyl]-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[3-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;

-116-

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-furancarboximidamide;

2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;

5 5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3-oxazole-2-carboximidamide;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

10 1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1-pyrazolidinecarboximidamide;

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;

15 3-(2-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;

20 3-(5-Amino-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3-(3-pyridinyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

25 3-(6-Amino-3-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[6-(Dimethylamino)-3-pyridinyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

30 3-(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

-117-

3-(2-Amino-4-pyridinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

5 4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

3-(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

10 2-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

3-(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

6-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;

15 3-(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2-carboximidamide;

20 3-(4-Amino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

5-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3-carboximidamide;

25 3-(3-Amino-1,2,4-triazin-5-yl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(3-Aminobenzyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[3-(Aminomethyl)benzyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-118-

3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]tetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinecarboximidamide;

5 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1-pyrrolidinecarboximidamide;

5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-thiophenecarboximidamide;

10 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-furancarboximidamide;

2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1,3-oxazole-5-carboximidamide;

15 5-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboximidamide;

20 2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboximidamide;

6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide;

25 3-[(6-Amino-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

4-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

30 3-[(2-Amino-4-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

-119-

2-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-4-pyrimidinecarboximidamide;

5 3-[(4-Amino-2-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

6-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]-2-pyrazinecarboximidamide;

10 3-[(6-Amino-2-pyrazinyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(3-Aminocyclohexyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

15 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclohexanecarboximidamide;

3-[(3-Aminocyclohexyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

20 3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclohexanecarboximidamide;

3-(3-Aminocyclopentyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)cyclopentanecarboximidamide;

25 3-[(3-Aminocyclopentyl)methyl]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-quinolinone;

3-[(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)methyl]cyclopentanecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]butyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-120-

3-(1-6-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]hexyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

2-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]-N-2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethylacetamide;

5 3-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinolinyl]-N-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylpropanamide;

3-1-[2-(2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethylamino)ethyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylbenzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-[1-(2-2-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]ethoxyethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]benzyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylphenyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-(1-4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclohexyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclohexylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(4-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylcyclohexyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclopentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyl)benzenecarboximidamide;

-121-

3-[1-(3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]cyclopentylmethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-[1-(3-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]methylcyclopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-(*E*)-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]-2-pentenyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-piperidinopentyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyl-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

15 1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyl-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid;

20 3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylpiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(4-Hydroxypiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2-Iminopiperidino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(4-oxopiperidino)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-(5-2-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]piperidinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(1-5-[4-(Dimethylamino)piperidino]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2*H*)-quinoliny]pentyl-4-piperidinesulfonic acid;

-122-

3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(2-phenylpiperidino)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinolinyln]pentyl-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid;

10 N-(1-5-[3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-2-oxo-1(2H)-quinolinyln]pentyltetrahydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide;

3-1-[5-(3-Amino-1-pyrrolidinyl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[2,5-bis(Methoxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyln)benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyln)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[2-(Hydroxymethyl)-5-methyl-1-pyrrolidinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyln)benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-1-[5-(Diisopropylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(Diethylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(Methylamino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-1-[5-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-[1-(5-Morpholinopentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyln]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(3,5-Dimethylmorpholino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinylnbenzenecarboximidamide;

-123-

3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-piperazinopentyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-1-[5-(2,6-Dimethylpiperazino)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-2-Oxo-1-[5-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[2-Oxo-1-(5-tetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-1-[5-(2,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)pentyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Chloro-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

15 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-7-fluoro-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-2-oxo-7-sulfany-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-7-(methylsulfany)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-2-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl)-7-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboxylic acid;

30 methyl 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridiny]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboxylate;

-124-

3-(7-Cyano-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

5 3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-*N*-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboximidamide;

10 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[hydrazino(imino)methyl]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-7-quinolinecarboxamide;

15

3-[1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(hydroxymethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Aminomethyl)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

20

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-nitro-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

25

3-(1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-methoxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-(Benzyloxy)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny]benzenecarboximidamide;

30

2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny]oxy]acetic acid;

-125-

3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]propanoic acid;

5 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]butanoic acid;

2-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]acetic acid;

10 3-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]propanoic acid;

15 4-[(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinolinyloxy]butanoic acid;

3-[1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

20 3-[1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-(1H-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-ylmethoxy)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Amino-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(7-(Butylamino)-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

30 3-(7-(Dimethylamino)-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-Anilino-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinolinyloxy]benzenecarboximidamide;

-126-

3-(7-(Benzylamino)-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

5 N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)acetamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)cyclohexanecarboxamide;

10 N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-cyclohexylacetamide;

N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)benzenecarboxamide;

15 N-(3-3-[Amino(imino)methyl]phenyl-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-7-quinoliny)-2-phenylacetamide;

20 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(7-[(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

25 3-(7-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

1-[5-(2,6-Dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-pentyl]-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1*H*-quinolin-2-one;

30 3-1-5-[(2*R*,6*S*)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2*H*)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-7-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide; or

-127-

3-(7-[(Benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide.

12. A compound which is:

5 3-(1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)benzenecarboximidamide;

3-(1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)-N-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide;

10 3-[3-(Aminomethyl)phenyl]-1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2(1H)-quinolinone; or

3-(1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide.

13. A compound which is:

15 3-(1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-quinoliny)-4-hydroxybenzene carboximidamide; or

3-(1-5-[(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyltetrahydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]pentyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3-quinoliny)-4-hydroxybenzenecarboximidamide.

- 20 14. A method for the treatment or prophylaxis of thrombotic disorders in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1.

15. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is venous thrombosis.

- 25 16. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is arterial thrombosis.

17. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is pulmonary embolism.

-128-

18. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is myocardial infarction.
19. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is cerebral infarction.
- 5 20. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is restenosis.
21. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is cancer.
22. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is angina.
23. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is diabetes.
24. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is heart failure.
- 10 25. A method according to Claim 14, wherein said disorder is atrial fibrillation.
26. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound of Claim 1 admixed with a carrier, diluent, or excipient.
- 15 27. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound of Claim 2 together with a carrier, diluent, or excipient.
28. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound of Claim 11 together with a carrier, diluent, or excipient.
29. A method for inhibiting serine proteases comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of serine protease inhibitor of Claim 1.
- 20 30. A method according to Claim 29, wherein said serine protease is factor Xa.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 98/26709

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 6 C07D401/06 C07D401/14 C07D409/14 C07D407/14 C07D413/14
C07D403/06 A61K31/44 A61K31/47

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 C07D A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	F. RICHTER: "Beilsteins Handbuch der Organischen Chemie, 4. Aufl., 1. EW, 20., 21. und 22. Bd." 1935, VERLAG VON JULIUS SPRINGER, BERLIN XP002102648 * 1-Methyl-2-oxo-1.2.3.4-tetrahydro-chinolin * see page 293	1,2
X	F. RICHTER: "Beilsteins Handbuch der Organischen Chemie, 4. Aufl., 20. Bd." 1935, VERLAG VON JULIUS SPRINGER, BERLIN XP002102649 * P. 264: N-Methyl-tetrahydrochinolin; p. 267: N-Benzyltetrahydrochinolin * --- -/-	1

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

12 May 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

04.06.99

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Herz, C

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 98/26709

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P,Y	DE 197 18 181 A (BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM PHARMA KG) 5 November 1998 see claims 1-10 ---	1-30
Y	JP 50 142576 A (OTSUKA PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.) 17 November 1975 * entire document * ---	1-30
Y	US 4 329 347 A (E. MÜLLER ET AL.) 11 May 1982 see claims 1-9 ---	1-30
Y	FR 2 439 196 A (YOSHITOMI PHARMACEUTICAL IND., LTD.) 16 May 1980 see claims 1-16 ---	1-30
Y	WO 97 12869 A (OTSUKA PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.) 10 April 1997 see claims 1-29 ---	1-30
Y	DE 25 59 509 A (OTSUKA PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.) 30 December 1976 see claims 1-13 -----	1-30

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 98/26709

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.: 1, 2, 14-25, 29, 30
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Claims 14-25, 29 and 30 are directed to a therapeutical method performed on humans. Under the terms of Article 17 (2) (b) PCT, Rule 39 (1) (iv), the International Search Authority is not required to carry out a search on such claims.
2. ☒ Claims Nos.: 1, 2
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No. PCT/US 98 26709

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Claims Nos.: 1,2

Claims 1 and 2 were found unsearchable because of the multitude of variables and their permutations and combinations (e. g. A, B, D, E, F, G, K, L, X) result in claims that are so broad that they are rendered virtually incomprehensible and thus, no meaningful search can be given. Therefore, the first discernable subject matter as found in Claims 3 to 13 (i. e. those compounds possessing a quinolone core and a defined nitrogen substituent) has been searched. Claims 1 and 2 have been searched to the extent they encompass the subject matter of Claims 3 to 13. It is further noted that certain substituent definitions do not make any chemical sense (e. g. what is the structure of compounds wherein G, J and K are all absent? what is a monovalent "ketone" substituent L? what is encompassed by an "acid" or "ester"?; etc.).

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 98/26709

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE 19718181 A	05-11-1998	NONE	
JP 50142576 A	17-11-1975	JP 934278 C JP 53010989 B	30-11-1978 18-04-1978
US 4329347 A	11-05-1982	DE 2806721 A DE 2853314 A DE 2931741 A AT 374184 B AT 66883 A AT 374185 B AT 66983 A AT 374183 B AU 523147 B AU 4432979 A CA 1116600 A CS 227005 B DD 141829 A DK 69679 A,B, EP 0003771 A FI 790507 A,B, GR 66565 A HK 50485 A IE 48179 B JP 54132581 A NZ 189685 A PH 16698 A PT 69244 A YU 36679 A ZA 7900708 A AU 539070 B AU 6100680 A BE 884628 A JP 56036452 A NZ 194531 A ZA 8004680 A	23-08-1979 26-06-1980 26-02-1981 26-03-1984 15-08-1983 26-03-1984 15-08-1983 26-03-1984 15-07-1982 23-08-1979 19-01-1982 16-04-1984 21-05-1980 18-08-1979 05-09-1979 18-08-1979 27-03-1981 12-07-1985 17-10-1984 15-10-1979 06-07-1984 16-01-1984 01-03-1979 28-02-1983 29-10-1980 13-09-1984 12-02-1981 04-02-1981 09-04-1981 24-08-1984 28-04-1982
FR 2439196 A	16-05-1980	NONE	
WO 9712869 A	10-04-1997	AU 690861 B AU 7145796 A CA 2207185 A CN 1172478 A EP 0796248 A JP 9157258 A	30-04-1998 28-04-1997 10-04-1997 04-02-1998 24-09-1997 17-06-1997
DE 2559509 A	30-12-1976	JP 943618 C JP 51128976 A JP 53023307 B JP 943619 C JP 51128977 A JP 53023308 B JP 943620 C JP 51128978 A JP 53023309 B JP 939854 C JP 51133276 A JP 53023310 B	15-03-1979 10-11-1976 13-07-1978 15-03-1979 10-11-1976 13-07-1978 15-03-1979 10-11-1976 13-07-1978 30-01-1979 18-11-1976 13-07-1978

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/US 98/26709

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE 2559509 A		JP 939855 C	30-01-1979
		JP 51133277 A	18-11-1976
		JP 53023311 B	13-07-1978
		JP 939856 C	30-01-1979
		JP 51133278 A	18-11-1976
		JP 53023312 B	13-07-1978
		JP 1151256 C	14-06-1983
		JP 51133283 A	18-11-1976
		JP 57040146 B	25-08-1982
		JP 939857 C	30-01-1979
		JP 51133284 A	18-11-1976
		JP 53023313 B	13-07-1978
		JP 1281119 C	13-09-1985
		JP 51136676 A	26-11-1976
		JP 60004173 B	01-02-1985
		JP 956831 C	14-06-1979
		JP 51136677 A	26-11-1976
		JP 53037353 B	07-10-1978
		JP 1118914 C	28-10-1982
		JP 51141864 A	07-12-1976
		JP 57000855 B	08-01-1982
		JP 913014 C	21-07-1978
		JP 51001480 A	08-01-1976
		JP 52039831 B	07-10-1977
		JP 911859 C	21-06-1978
		JP 51001481 A	08-01-1976
		JP 52039832 B	07-10-1977
		JP 924625 C	22-09-1978
		JP 51006970 A	20-01-1976
		JP 53001274 B	17-01-1978
		JP 935962 C	12-12-1978
		JP 51082279 A	19-07-1976
		JP 53013630 B	11-05-1978
		JP 941638 C	20-02-1979
		JP 51023271 A	24-02-1976
		JP 53015502 B	25-05-1978
		AR 213723 A	15-03-1979
		AT 351029 B	10-07-1979

